The Pittsburgh Daily Commercial.

VOL. 1.—NO. 47. PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 30, 1863. PRICE THREE CENTS.

The Daily Commercial.

From the Atlantic Monthly for November.

THE BROTHERS.

BY LOUISA M. ALCOTT.

[CONTINUED.]

He listened with the lowering look of one in whom brute instinct was sovereign for the time,—a look that makes the noblest countenance base. He was but a man,—a poor, untaught, outcast, outraged man. Life had few joys for him; the world offered him no honors, no success, no love. What future would this crime mar? and why should he deny himself that sweet, yet bitter morsel called revenge? How many white men, with all New England's freedom, culture, Christianity, would not have felt as he felt then? Should I have reproached him for a human anguish, a human longing for redress, all now left him from the ruin of his few poor hopes? Who had taught him that self-control, self-sacrifice, are attributes that make men masters of the earth and lift them nearer heaven? Should I have urged the beauty of forgiveness, the duty of devout submission? He had no religion, for he was no saintly "Uncle Tom," and Slavery's black shadow seemed to darken all the world to him and shut out God. Should I have warned him of penalties, of judgments, and the potency of law? What did he know of justice, or the mercy that should temper that stern virtue, when every law, human and divine, had been broken on his hearthstone? Should I have tried to touch him by appeals to filial duty, to brotherly love? How had his appeals been answered? What memories had father and brother stored up in his heart to plead for either now? No,—all these influences, these associations, would have proved worse than useless, had I been calm enough to try them. I was not; but instinct, subtler than reason, showed me the one safe clue by which to lead this troubled soul from the labyrinth in which it groped and nearly fell. When I paused, breathless, Robert turned to me, asking, as if human assurances could strengthen his faith in Divine Omnipotence,—

"Do you believe, if I let Marster Ned live, the Lord will give me back my Lucy?"

"As surely as there is a Lord, you will find her here or in the beautiful hereafter, where there is no black or white, no master and no slave."

He took his hand from his brother's throat, lifted his eyes from my face to the wintry sky beyond, as if searching for that blessed country, happier even than the happy North. Alas, it was the darkest hour before the dawn!—there was no star above, no light below but the pale glimmer of the lamp that showed the brother who had made him desolate. Like a blind man who believes there is a sun, yet cannot see it, he shook his head, let his arms drop nervously upon his knees, and sat there dumbly asking that question which many a soul whose faith is firmer fixed than his has asked in hours less dark than this,—"Where is God?" I saw the tide had turned, and strenuously tried to keep this rudderless life-boat from slipping back into the whirlpool wherein it had been so nearly lost.

"I have listened to you, Robert; now hear me, and heed what I say, because my heart is full of pity for you, full of hope for your future, and a desire to help you now. I want you to go away from here, from the temptation of this place, and the sad thoughts that haunt it. You have conquered yourself once, and I honor you for it, because the harder the battle the more glorious the victory; but it is safer to put a greater distance between you and this man. I will write you letters, give you money, and send you to good old Massachusetts to begin your new life a freeman,—yes, and a happy man; for when the captain is himself again I will learn where Lucy is, and move heaven and earth to find and give her back to you. Will you do this, Robert?"

Slowly, very slowly, the answer came; for the purpose of a week, perhaps a year, was hard to relinquish in an hour

"Yes, Ma'am, I will."

"Good! Now you are the man I thought you, and I'll work for you with all my heart. You need sleep, my poor fellow; go, and try to forget. The captain is still alive, and as yet you are spared that sin. No, don't look there; I'll care for him. Come, Robert, for Lucy's sake."

Thank Heaven for the immortality of love! for when all other means of salvation failed, a spark of this vital fire softened the man's iron will, until a woman's hand could bend it. He let me take from him the key, let me draw him gently away and lead him to the solitude which now was the most healing balm I could bestow. Once in his little room, he fell down on his bed and lay there as if spent with the sharpest conflict of his life. I slipped the bolt across his door, and unlocked my own, flung up the window, steadied myself with a breath of air, then rushed to Doctor Franck. He came; and till dawn we worked together, saving one brother's life, and taking earnest thought how best to secure the other's liberty. When the sun came up as blithely as if it shone only on happy homes, the Doctor went to Robert. For an hour I heard the murmur of their voices; once I caught the sound of heavy sobs, and for a time a reverent hush, as if in the silence that good man were ministering to soul as well as sense. When he departed he took Robert with him, pausing to tell me he should get him off as soon as possible, but not before we met again.

Nothing more was seen of them all day; another surgeon came to see the captain, and another attendant came to fill the empty place. I tried to rest, but could not, with the thought of poor Lucy tugging at my heart, and was soon back at my post again, anxiously hoping that my contraband had not been too hastily spirited away. Just as night fell there came a tap, and, opening, I saw Robert literally "clothed and in his right mind." The Doctor had replaced the ragged suit with tidy garments, and no trace of that tempestuous night remained but deeper lines upon the forehead and the docile look of a repentant child. He did not cross the threshold, did not offer me his hand,—only took off his cap, saying, with a traitorous falter, in his voice,—

"God bless you, Ma'am! I'm goin'."

I put out both my hands, and held his fast.

"Good bye, Robert! Keep up good heart, and when I come home to Massachusetts we'll meet in a happir place than this. Are you quite ready, quite comfortable for your journey?"

"Yes, Ma'am, yes; the Doctor 's fixed everything; I'm goin' with a friend of his; my papers are all right, an' I'm as happy as I can be till I find"——

He stopped there; then went on, with a glance into the room,—

"I'm g.ad I didn't do it, an' I thank yer, Ma'am, fer hinderin' me,—thank yer hearty; but I'm afraid I hate him jest the same."

Of course he did; and so did I; for these faulty hearts of ours cannot turn perfect in a night, but need frost and fire, wind and rain, to ripen and make them ready for the great harvest-home. Wishing to divert his mind, I put my poor mite into his hand, and, remembering the magic of a certain little book, I gave him mine, on whose dark cover whitely shone the Virgin Mother and the Child, the grand history of whose life the book contained. The money went into Robert's pocket with a grateful murmur, the book into his bosom with a long look and a tremulous—

"I never saw *my* baby, Ma'am."

I broke down tthen; and though my eyes were too dim to see, I felt the touch of lips upon my hands, heard the sound of departing feet, and knew my contraband was gone.

When one feels an intense dislike, the less one says upon the subject of it the better; therefore I shall merely record that the captain lived,—in time was exchanged; and that, whoever the other party was, I am convinced the Government got the best of the bargain. But long before this occurred, I had fulfilled my promise to Robert; for as soon as my patient recovered strength of memory enough to make his answer trustworthy, I asked, without any circumlocution,—

"Captain Fairfax, where is Lucy?"

And too feeble to be angry, surprised or insincere, he straightway answered,—

"Dead, Miss Dane."

"And she killed herself, when you sold Bob?"

"How the Devil did you know that?" he muttered, with an expression half-remorseful, half-amazed; but I was satisfied, and said no more.

(To be continued.)

From the Philadelphia Press.

Irish Immigration.

It has been noticed that the immigrants from Ireland, whose number has been greatly increased during the last fourteen months, are generally of a higher class than usual, and that they have brought with them the hoarded savings of many years of labor. Very many of them have been small farmers in Ireland, but have been driven thence by decreased demand for the products of the soil, by the unfavorable harvests which have reduced the quantity of such products, and by the awful increase of poor rates consequent upon the increase of poverty. Two items which we find in the last-received Irish papers show the case as it is. The first tells us that "in Ireland, last year, there were 2,553,481 acres of cereal crops, while this year there are 144,719 acres less. The net decrease of green crops this year is 19,358 acres. It is estimated that there are at present in Ireland 579,179 horses, 3,138,275 cattle, 3,303,931 sheep, and 1,064,802 pigs; the total value of which is £19,997,546, as compared with £31,224,587 in 1862." The other says:

"The great fair of Ballinasloe, which has just concluded, adds one more illustration to those already given of the severe losses which Ireland has sustained by the unpropitious weather during the last three years. The falling off in quantity of the sheep, as compared with last year, has been 5,590, and this affords a fair indication of the general rate of decline. Of the number on the fair green, amounting to 65,478, 50,640 were sold, and 14,834 remained unsold; while this twelvemonth the numbers were—sold, 56,324; unsold, 15,444—making a total of 71,498. The number unsold, then, has been a little less than it was last October fair, though there has been a decrease of 5,684 in the sales at this time."

Under these circumstances, it need not be matter for surprise that the Irish people turn their faces to this country. Those who are best off are the last to leave. They remain longer than the mere laborers who live "from hand to mouth," as the saying is, and linger in the old homestead and the familiar fields, hoping against hope for better days, until they finally awake to the conviction that it will be ruin to remain there any longer, and, with sad hearts, leave the land of their birth, of their affection, which it would seem as if God and man had united to depopulate.

Many of these recent immigrants bring money with them, on which, no doubt, they will speedily thrive in their adopted country, where even the Irishman who lands without a penny in his pocket contrives to live well, by honest and well-paid-for labor. They find in this land the free institutions which have been so long and so unjustly withheld from them in their own. They live here under our equal laws. If they seek for justice, it is not denied them. If they look to enjoy the utmost freedom of religious faith, they have it here, where the clergy of their own Church are to be found; wherever the Irish settle down. Gratuitous education, far above the average in the old country, is afforded to their children. After a short, but necessary probation, every right of citizenship is thrown open to them, except the Chief Magistracy, and two of our Presidents (Jackson and Buchanan) were sons of Irishmen. They find honest labor liberally rewarded. Their ordinary food, if they please, can equal that which the Squireen partakes of at home. Instead of the poor clothing which they used to wear, they are arrayed in broadcloth. If they realize property, it is protected by the law. In a word, the Irish who were starving serfs at home, here ascend to the dignity of Man, as citizens of a great Republic. No wonder, then, that Irishmen eagerly look to the West, to the great new home from which the Atlantic divides them, not only with hopeful expectancy, but also with assured certainty of finding a new and prosperous home here.

GETTYSBURG WOUNDED AT PHILADELPHIA.—Yesterday, says Saturday's Philadelphia *Press*, a very interesting scene took place at the Soldiers' Reading Room. Since the re-opening of the room, the ladies in charge have been treating the inmates of the various hospitals, who were able to spend a few hours with them, to ice-cream, and cake, and dinner, where it was desired. Within a week, seventeen hundred wounded soldiers have partaken of their hospitality. Yesterday about two hundred and fifty were gathered into their rooms, the lame, and blind, and maimed. It was a sorrowful sight, to see so many stalwart men crippled for life. One could not but remark how large a proportion went upon crutches. At one time twenty-four soldiers sat around the dining-table, each with only one leg; and all these were our Gettysburg boys—these were the brave shields that stood between the rebel invaders and our fair city. About one o'clock Rev. Dr. Newton addressed them for ten minutes or so. He spoke good stirring words of thanks and praise to the men who had saved us by shedding their blood, and then all joined in singing the doxology; and then he lifted up his hands blessingwise and said: "God bless you, soldiers of Gettysburg!" I saw one rough old six-footer furtively draw his sleeve across his eyes; there were tears there; surely they had watered his heart, and he was blessed. After this the ice-cream and cake were served. The ladies, with their dainty caps and aprons, tripping hither and thither among the blue-coats, the faces of the boys shining cheerily as they passed the saucer, and the joke made a picture that did one's heart good.

WHEN Secretary Seward's complimentary toast to Prince Gortschakoff was read at the Russian banquet in New York, it was received with six hearty cheers, and Baron Stoeckel, the Ambassador of the Czar, responded to it as follows:

"I can hardly express my feeling of gratitude for the sentiment offered my illustrious Chief. I can assure you, gentlemen, that among the eminent statesmen of Europe the American people have no stronger friend or warmer admirer. The compliment will be more appreciated by Prince Gortschakoff that it comes from a statesman who stands so high, not only in his own country, but in the whole political world, and for whom Prince Gortschakoff has the highest esteem and consideration. During the last three years I had the occasion to know and appreciate the high political qualities of your Secretary of State, as well as his invariable affability in his private intercourse, and before I sit down allow me to offer, in the name of the government whose representative I have the honor to be, and in the name of my countrymen here present, and in the name of my country, my deepest gratitude for the kind demonstration made in favor of the officers of our fleet, and particularly for the kind feelings presiding throughout.

THE Lake of Klœnthal, in Switzerland, has lately attracted a great number of persons. When the Russian army under Suwarrow effected its celebrated retreat by the Pragel and Klœnthal at the end of September, 1799, a large iron chest containing the money of the army is said to have fallen into the lake near Rustelerkorf. A company has been formed at Glaris to search for this treasure, believed, however, by many to be imaginary. Recently two divers from the Lake of Constance, provided with the necessary apparatus, descended into the water in the presence of an immense concourse of persons, who awaited with impatience to see them reappear with the treasure. After remaining for a considerable time under water the divers came up, bringing with them—an old iron stove covered with mud. On the following day another attempt took place, but without any appearance of the Russian strong box, which, if it ever did fall into the lake, is likely to remain there under the stones and mud collected over it during the last sixty-four years. The probability appears to be that the Glaris company will have their expenses for their pains.

DOUBLE MURDER.—A party of gentlemen from Cincinnati, who have just returned from a fishing excursion in Indiana, state that on Monday last, in the town of Shoals, on White river, in Indiana, a difficulty occurred between a white man and a negro, the latter literally cutting the white man to pieces. The quarrel grew out of a discussion on the slavery question. The negro fled, but was shortly after found near by, dead, with two bullet holes in his head.

WE learn that Mr. John N. Buck has been hung by guerrillas in Holmes county, Miss. He has always been a strong Union man, and formerly took refuge in Memphis. He had been instrumental in aiding the Union troops in Central Mississippi, and for this cause he met his cruel fate.

IRON, STEEL, &C.

LYON, SHORB & CO.

SLIGO IRON WORKS.

WAREHOUSE

NO. 121 WATER STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

se9

DAVID CHESS,.....R. W. WILSON,
R. F. SMYTH,.....R. J. ANDERSON,

CHESS, SMYTH & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

NAILS, TACKS,

BRADS, &c., &c.

WAREHOUSE:

NO. 112 WATER STREET,
se9 PITTSBURGH, PA.

BLACK DIAMOND

STEEL WORKS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF BEST QUALITY

REFINED CAST STEEL,

Square, Flat and Octagon, all Sizes;

WARRANTED EQUAL TO ANY IMPORTED or Manufactured in this Country.

Office and Warehouse, Nos. 149, 151 FIRST and 120, 122 SECOND Streets, Pittsburgh.

se7

AMERICAN IRON WORKS.

WAREHOUSE:

Nos. 120 Water and 158 First str's,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

JONES & LAUGHLINS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Common and best refined, charcoal merchant

BAR, PLATE AND SHEET IRON,

NAILS AND SPIKES.

Also, manufacturers of

PATENT COLD ROLLED SHAFTING,

PISTON RODS AND PLATES.

se23

HUSSEY, WELLS & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

CAST STEEL,

BEST REFINED TOOL STEEL,

Circular, Mill, Mulay and Cross-Cut Saw Plates, Reaper, File, Hoe, Rake & Fork Teel,

Machinery, plow, Sheet, Shear, R. R. Spring and Frog Steel.

OFFICE AND WORKS:

Cor. Harrison & Pike Sts., 5th Ward.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Warranted equal to the best English Steel. Orders may be left at No. 37 Fifth street. [se9

THE

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

CAST, SPRING, PLOW AND SAW

STEEL,

Springs, Axles, Crowbars, Vices, &c.

WAREHOUSE:

83 WATER AND 100 FIRST STS.,
se9 PITTSBURGH, PA.

LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILLS

AND

SMELTING WORKS.

PARK, M'CURDY & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

SHEATH, BRAZIERS and BOLT COPPER,

PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS,

SPELTER, SOLDER, &c. Also,

Importers and Dealers in

METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, FIRE, &c.

Constantly on hand—

TINNEN'S MACHINES and TOOLS.

Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST, and 120 SECOND Street, Pittsburgh.

☞ Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. se7

PITTSBURGH AND BOSTON MINING COMPANY.

General Office of Business at Pittsburgh.

OFFICERS:

CURTIS G. HUSSEY, President,
THOS. M. HOWE, Sec'y and Treasurer.

MANAGERS:

CURTIS G. HUSSEY, Pittsburgh,
THOMAS M. HOWE, "
JAMES M. COOPER, "
HARVEY CHILDS, "
JOSEPH W. CLARK, Boston.
E. JENNINGS, Michigan.

HENRY HOLDSHIP,
Assistant Secretary and Treasurer.

The Mines of this Company are situated in Keweena county, on the Southern shore of Lake Superior, Michigan, and embrace the celebrated "Cliff Copper Mine."

JAS. WATSON is the resident agent and Superintendent of the Mines. Post office address, Clifton, Keweena county, Michigan.

The Company has, also, an office in Boston for the registration and transfer of its stock, payment of dividends, &c. J. W. Clark & Co., agents. se9

J. H. SAWYER.....N. P. SAWYER

B. C. & J. H. SAWYER.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Miners', Mould, Chrystaline

AND

STAR CANDLES.

Lard, Coal and Carbon Oil,

AND

SOAP POWDER.

Oleine, Rosin, German, Castile

TRANSPARENT, PURE PALM, BARBERS', TOILET, HONEY,

Woman's Friend, Detersive and

CHEMICAL OLIVE ERASIVE SOAP

NO. 47 WOOD STREET,

OPPOSITE ST. CHARLES HOTEL, PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

se7

SAW MILLS.

A. & D. L. PATTERSON,

MANCHESTER SAW MILLS,

Between Beaver street and Ohio river.

MANCHESTER, PA.

☞ Orders for all kinds of Lumber for Building, Boat Siding, Deck Plank, Lath, Pallings, &c. sep7

VINEGAR.

H. REDENBACH & SONS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Pure Cider Vinegar,

No. 150 Ohio street,

oc2:1y ALLEGHENY.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Hats and Caps,

AT WHOLESALE,

Warranted Uniform in Quality.

JAMES P. TANNER,

NO. 56 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh, invites the attention of his customers, and merchants generally, to his very large assortment of BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, BONNETS, &c., purchased direct from New England manufacturers, which, for extent, variety, and durability, freedom from all irregularity, and adaptation to the wants of all sections, is not surpassed in this or any other city. Prices shall be as low as those of Philadelphia or New York.

All are invited to an examination of this superior stock.

Orders entrusted to him shall command his prompt and particular attention, and be faithfully executed. se

S. KEYS, Manufacturer of

Ladies, Misses and Children's

FANCY SHOES,

No. 53 ST. CLAIR street,

sep7 *PITTSBURGH.*

E. P. LONG,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

Boots, Shoes and Gums,

No. 61 MARKET street, near Fourth,

se7 *PITTSBURGH.*

WM. PICKERSGILL & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS, SHOES,

HATS, CAPS, &C.

No. 48 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

FOUNDRIES.

FORT PITT CANNON FOUNDRY.

CHARLES KNAP,

CANNON FOUNDER,

O'HARA AND ETNA STREETS,

se9 *PITTSBURGH.*

WM. SMITH.....DAVID S. PARK.....JAS. PARK, JR.

SMITH, PARK & CO.,

NINTH WARD FOUNDRY,

PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

Warehouse, 149 First & 120 Second sts.

Manufacturers of all sizes and descriptions of Coal Oil Retorts and Stills, Gas and Water Pipes, Sad Irons, Dog Irons, Wagon Boxes, Steel Moulds, Pullies, Hangers and Couplings.

☞ Also, Jobbing and Machine Castings o every description made to order.

☞ Having a complete MACHINE SHOP attached to the Foundry, all necessary fitting will be carefully attended to. se7

FULTON FOUNDRY,

NINTH WARD, PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Warehouse: No. 141 Wood street.

JOSEPH PENNOCK,

PROPRIETOR.

ROBERT C. TOTTEN,
Superintendent at Foundry.

MANUFACTURES

Nail Machines, Rolls, Squeezers and Rolling-mill Castings generally.

GAS AND WATER PIPES.

Gas Retorts and Oil Stills; Hot Blast and Superheating Pipes; Sugar Kettles,

House Fronts and Window Heads.

ROLLS TURNED,

and all fitting done to order.

A large assortment of Rolling-mill Pattern on hand, purchased from "Fort Pitt Foundry." se24

S. S. FOWLER & CO.,

IRON FOUNDERS

AND MILL FINISHERS.

AND MANUFADTURERS OF

SOLID HUB CAR WHEELS,

39 WATER street,

sel7 *PITTSBURGH, PA.*

IRON CITY FORGE.

KLOMAN & PHIPPS,

Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh.

Manufacture Bar Iron, General Railway and Steamboat Forgings, Passenger, Freight and Locomotive Axles, &c., &c.

ANDREW KLOMAN, } General Partners.
HENRY PHIPPS, Jr., }
THOS. N. MILLER, Special Partner. [se30:tf

WM. G. PRICE,

BERLIN FOUNDRY,

COR. PENNA. AVENUE & PRICE ST.

Manufacturer of all sizes and descriptions of castings for OIL REFINERIES, Glass and Gas Works, Wagon Boxes, Dog Irons, Grate Bars, Fire Fronts, Sash and Clock Weights, Pullies, Hangers and Couplings. All kinds of castings for AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. Also, castings of all kinds for PLUMBERS and GAS FITTERS. Also, JOBBING and MACHINE CASTINGS, light or heavy, made to order.

UPHOLSTERY.

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD,

(Successors to J. Seibert.)

PRACTICAL UPHOLSTERERS,

No. 160 THIRD street,

PITTSBURGH.

Manufacturers and dealers in Curtains, Cornice, Bands, Shades and Blinds, Mattresses, Comforts, Cushions, &c.

Particular attention paid to Steamboat work. Carpets fitted and laid ta order. sel1:6m

E. EDMUNDSON.....W. R. BATEMAN.

E. EDMUNDSON & CO.

UPHOLSTERERS,

Nos. 96 & 98 Third Street, near Wood,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufactue and keep on hand every article in their line, viz:

CURTAIN GOODS, ORNAMENTS, FRINGES, TASSELS & CORDS, COMFORTS & BEDS, PATENT SPIRAL SPRING, HAIR, COTTON, HUSK AND STRAW MATRESSES, &C.

ALSO, DEALER IN

WALL PAPERS,

Fire board Prints, Window Shades, &c., &c. se7

PLUMBING.

J. G. WELDON.....JOHN KELLY.

WELDON & KELLY,

Gas and Steam Fitters,

PLUMBERS

AND

BRASS FOUNDERS,

164 WOOD STREET, NEAR SIXTH,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Pumps sold and repaired. Proprietors and manufacturers of Dakin's Patent Water Drawer and Musgrave's Patent Gas Cooking and Heating Stoves. se7

CARRIAGES.

CORNWELL & KERR,

Carriage Manufacturers.

OLD ESTABLISHED COACH FACTORY,

Duquesne Way, near St. Clair Street.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ REPAIRING done as usual. se7

OILS.

RICHARDSON, HARLEY & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Petroleum and its Products,

No. 19 IRWIN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Liberal Cash advance on consignments for Pittsburgh and the Eastern markets. [sel1:ly

THE

ARDESCO OIL COMPANY,

Manufacture and have for sale a superior quality of

REFINED ARDESCO OIL,

Non-explosive. Also,

PURE BENZOLE.

Warehouse, 27 IRWIN street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

BREWER, BURKE & Co.,

Commission Merchants.

AGENTS FOR THE

PACIFIC, GLOBE, and LIBERTY OIL WORKS.

Ample STORAGE for Crude and Refined Oil. Liberal CASH ADVANCE made on Consignments of Crude or Refined Petroleum.

Yard for storage and shipment of Crude—

AT LAWRENCEVILLE.

Office and Ware house—Corner DUQUESNE WAY and HANCOCK Street, Pittsburgh. sell

EAGLE OIL WORKS, Lawrenceville.

WIGHTMAN & ANDERSON,

REFINERS OF PURE

CARBON OIL.

(Quality warranted equal to the best made.)

Lubricating Oil, Benzole and Car Grease, and dealers in LAMPS, &c. Warehouse No. 92 Third street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh. sel1:ly

LUCENT OIL WORKS—

DUNCAN, DUNLAP & CO.,

Manufacturers of

PURE WHITE REFINED

CARBON OILS,

OFFICE: No. 201 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. se7

J. F. DUNCAN & CO.,

BROKERS AND DEALERS IN

Petroleum and its Products,

Office: DUQUESNE WAY, near Hand street bridge, and on 'Change at 11½ o'clock.

☞ We have constantly on hand large supplies of CRUDE and REFINED OIL, BENZINE and LUBRICATING OIL for home and export trade se17:ly

T. J. BRERETON.....J. T. JOHNSTON.....H. B. WILKINS.

THE

ALADDIN OIL COMPANY.

BRERETON, JOHNSTON & WILKINS,

MANUFACTURERS AND REFINERS OF

COAL AND CARBON OIL,

BENZINE, &c.

OFFICE, NO. 43 MARKET ST.,
se7 PITTSBTRGH, PA.

COCHRAN & RUSSELL,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

CRUDE AND PETROLEUM OILS AND NAVAL STORES.

Liberal advances made on consignments.
se28 22 NORTH FRONT St., Philadelphia.

PENNOCK, BALL & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

EUREKA CARBON OIL,

EUREKA LUBRIC OIL,

And Wholesale Dealers in

Crude, Refined and Lubricating Oils,

NO. 31 MARKET STREET.

se7 PITTSBUEGH, PA.

C. GREGG,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND DEALER IN

OILS,

Crude and Refined Petroleum, Machinery Oils and Benzine.

35 MARKET STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.
se7

THE

LUCESCO OIL COMPANY,

MANUFACTURERS OF

COAL OIL;

AND REFINERS OF

PETROLEUM!

TRADE MARKS:

"LUCESCO BURNING COAL OIL;"

"LUCESCO BURNING OIL."

Warehouse, No. 11 WOOD Street.

I. M. PENNOCK, Pres't.
se7 C. H. ISRAEL, Secretary.

NORTH AMERICAN OIL CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

REFINED BURNING COAL

AND

CARBON OIL;

Kiskiminitis, Armstrong County.

Warehouse, No. 80 THIRD Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WM. F. JOHNSTON, Pres't.
se7 GEORGE OGDEN. Secret'y.

ALLEN & NEEDLES, Philadelphia,

Commission Merchants,

For the sale of Crude and Refined

PETROLEUM, LARD, AND OTHER OILS.

se12

LAMPS.

THE

ALADDIN LAMP STORE.

WILLIAM M. MURRAY,

Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer in

LAMPS, CHANDELIERS &c.,

And Dealer in

LUBRICATING & REFINED OILS,

NO. 43 MARKET STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to. se7

CONFECTIONERY.

P. REYMER,.....J. S. REYMER,.....H. D. REYMER.

REYMER & BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN FRUITS,

NUTS, CONFECTIONERY,

SUGARS, FIRE WORKS. &c.

Also, Manufacturers of all varieties of

Fine Cream Candies, Chocolate Creams,

GUM, JELLY AND LIQUORICE DROPS, JELLIES, SYRUPS, &c.

Nos. 126 and 128 WOOD St., abv FIFTH, *PITTSBURGH, PA.*

GLASSWARE.

PHILLIPS & BEST,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FLINT GLASS WARE,

Of all desciptions, Pressed, Cut and Plain,

Corner of TRY and SECOND streets,

se9 *PITTSBURGH.*

B. L. FAHNESTOCK....W. M. GRACE....R. C. ALBREE.

FAHNESTOCK, ALBREE & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Vials, Bottles and Window Glass

NO. 63 WATER STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

se9

C. HEMSEN & SONS,

Manufacturers of every variety of

Vials, Bottles and Window Glass,

Black Porter, Wine and Claret Bottles,

DEMIJOHNS & MINERAL WATER BOTTLES

Warehouses, No. 104 SECOND, and 133 and 135 FIRST Streets,

se16 *PITTSBURGH, PA.*

MARK W. WATSON.....J. M'M. KING.

WM. M'CULLY & CO.,

PROPRIETORS OF

Pittsburgh, Phœnix, Empire and Sligo

GLASS WORKS,

MANUFACTURE

Black Bottles,

VIALS, DEMIJOHNS,

Green Glassware and Window Glass,

11 and 16 Wood street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Particular attention paid to Private Moulds, and orders filled with promptness and dispatch. oc3:6m

HOTELS.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—THE PROPRIETORS of the

GIRARD HOUSE,

PHILADELPHIA,

Would respectfully call the attention of business men and the traveling community to the superior accommodations and comfort of their establishment.

KANAGA, FOWLER & CO.

se21

"THE UNION" HOTEL,

ARCH STREET,

Between THIRD and FOURTH streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

T. S. WEBB & SONS.

THOS. S. WEBB,
FRANK R. WEBB,
JESSE H. WEBB. sel1:ly

THE NATIONAL HOUSE,

FIFTH STREET.

M'KEESPORT, PA

This delightful Summer Resort is now open for the reception of VISITORS and BOARDERS. FAMILIES can be accommodated with BOARDING, during the Season, on very favorable terms. His TABLE is furnished with every delicacy which the market affords. It is easy of access by the Connellsville Railroad.

H. KLEINMAN.

M'Keesport, Sept., 1863.

THE BELLVIDERE HOUSE,

ED. EICHENLAUB,

PROPRIETOR.

NEAR SHARPSBURG. se19

RESTAURANTS.

ELI YOUNG'S

Restaurant and Eating Saloon,

Nos. 129 & 131 SMITHFIELD street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ The very best of SHELL and CAN OYSTERS served up in every style, together with all the delicacies of the season. sep7:1y

MILITARY EXCHANGE,

No. 48 Market Street,

LOUIS HAGER, Proprietor.

The very best of Shell and Can Oysters served up in every style, together with all the Delicacies of the Season.

☞ LUNCH EVERY MORNING. oc8-1y

FRED. WEIS',

CORNUCOPIA,

No. 8 Corner Fifth and Union streets.

The very best of SHELL and CAN OYSTERS served up in every style, together with all the delicacies of the season. OYSTERS sold retail or wholesale. oc26:3m

SIGEL SALOON,

47 Fifth street, opposite the Theatre.

The very best of SHELL and CAN OYSTERS served up in every style, together with all the delicacies of the season.

☞ LUNCH every morning. oc28:3m

OPEN AGAIN.—E. REINEMAN'S

DUQUESNE EATING HOUSE,

No. 67 SMITHFIELD street, Pittsburgh, Pa., Enlarged and fitted up in elegant style. All delicacies of the season always on hand.

☞ Delicious OYSTERS, first of the season. oc17:1y

JOHN LUNDY'S

ELDORADO

Restaurant and Eating Saloon,

Corner of FIFTH and SMITHFIELD streets.

PITTSBURGH.

☞ The very best of SHELL and CAN OYSTERS served up in every style, together with all the delicacies of the season. sel0:1y

FRED. JACOBS'

RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON,

No. 37 MARKET street.

se16:3m

VIERHELLER & ROESSING'S

BROADWAY SALOON RESTAURANT,

No. 64 FIFTH street,

Odd Fellows Hall Building,

se7:1y *PITTSBURGH, PA.*

BOWERY SALOON,

No. 48 FIFTH street, next door to Theatre,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

JAS. S. WILLIAMS.....Proprietor.

se7:6m

"OUR HOUSE,"

JOHN SHALER, Proprietor,

32 Diamond alley, Pittsburgh.

The very best of SHELL and CAN OYSTERS served up in every style, together with all the delicacies of the season. Oysters sold retail or wholesale. se22:3m

LIQUORS.

JOHN SEIFERTH.....CHARLES WEIHL.

JOHN SEIFERTH & CO.,

(Successors to Leopold Sahl,)

Importers and dealers in

Wines, Liquors and Cigars,

27 and 29 MARKET street, cor. Second,

se7 *PITTSBURGH.*

FRED. SCHIELD,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Groceries, Liquors, Wines and Cigars,

No. 17 PENN street, Pittsburgh.

se16:1y

JOSEPH ROSS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

FAMILY SELECTED GROCERIES,

FOREIGN LIQUORS,

WINES AND CIGARS,

East side of the Diamond,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

GROCERS.

WILLIAM BAGALEY,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

Nos. 18 and 20 Wood Street,

sep7 Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOS. KIRKPATRICK.....WM. KIRKPATRICK.

J. KIRKPATRICK & BRO.,

[Successors to Brown & Kirkpatrick.]

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

Nos. 191 and 193 LIBERTY Street.

se16 *PITTSBURGH, PA.*

WM. MILLER, Phila.....C. W. RICKETSON, Pittsb'g.

MILLER & RICKETSON,

Wholesale Grocers

AND IMPORTERS OF

BRANDIES, WINES AND SEGARS,

Nos. 221 and 223, corner of LIBERTY and IRWIN Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Iron, Nails, Cotton Yarns, &c. &c., constantly on hand. se15

S. LINDSAY, JR.....J. TELFORD.

LINDSAY & TELFORD,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS,

FLOUR, PRODUCE,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

NO. 187 LIBERTY STREET.

se7 PITTSBURGH.

G. B. JONES.....O. B. JONES

GEORGE B. JONES & SON,

Wholesale Grocers and Boat Furnishers,

Dealers in MANILLA ROPE, OAKUM, OILS, PITCH and Pittsburgh Manufactured Articles, No. 141 WATER Street, above the Monongahela bridge, Pittsburgh, Pa. se9

JAMES DALZELL. J. WILLIS DALZELL

JAMES DALZELL & SON,

Lard Oil Manufacturers,

And Dealers in Crude and Refined Petroleum, and Lubricating Oils,

Nos. 69 & 70 Water St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

se9

JOHN MOORHEAD,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

For the Sale of Foundry and Forge Pig Iron, and every variety of Blooms,

No. 74 Water Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

se9

JEWELRY.

FINE GOLD AND SILVER

AMERICAN, ENGLISH AND GENENA.

WATCHES,

JEWELRY,

SILVER PLATED WARE,

GOLD, SILVER and STEEL

SPECTACLES,

FANCY GOODS, &c.

J. M. ROBERTS

Desires to inform his friends and patrons that his present large stock of the above goods is being constantly replenished with all the new styles as fast as they appear in the Eastern cities, and that they can depend on getting a good article at the *lowest possible price.*

Fine WATCHES, CLOCKS and JEWELRY

REPAIRED.

JEWELRY and SILVER WARE

MADE TO ORDER.

Gilding and Engraving.

J. M. ROBERTS,

16 FIFTH street, PITTSBURGH. se7

AMERICAN WATCH AGENCY.

REINEMAN, MEYRAN & SIEDLE,

No. 42 FIFTH Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

The attention of dealers and others is respectfully solicited to our large and varied assortment of

AMERICAN WATCHES,

acknowledged by all who use them to be the BEST watch for every day wear. They are not liable to get out of order, and keep time to the second. We have them put up in silver and gold cases of every description. se7

AUCTIONEERS.

T. A. M'CLELLAND,

General Auction and Commission Merchant,

Sales Room and Office, No. 55 Fifth street, Masonic Hall Building. Sales effected of

Stocks, Real Estate, Furniture, &c.

AT EITHER

Sales Room, Dwellings or in the Country.

Daily Sales at 2 and 7 o'clock, of all kinds of Merchandise.

☞ CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED. ☜

se7

BREWERS.

PITTSBURGH BREWERY,

JOSHUA RHODES,

Brewer, Malster and Hop Dealer,

DUQUESNE WAY, BETWEEN IRWIN ST. AND ST. CLAIR STREET BRIDGE.

se9 *PITTSBURGH.*

ROOFING.

ROOFING OFFICE, 127 FOUBTH STREET.—GRAVEL, CANVAS, CEMENT and GUTTA PERCHA ROOFING.—All materials pertaining to the business on hand, such as

Canvas, Felt, Cement and Paint,

for the preservation of Tin,

The Daily Commercial.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1863.

Publication Office, 72 and 74 Fifth Street, (2d Floor) Opposite Postoffice.

PUBLISHED BY
The Commercial Printing Co.

☞ Interesting reading matter will be found on the first and fourth pages.

CARDINAL WISEMAN was, at last accounts, unable to leave his bed.

THERE are two thousand rebel prisoners now confined in Camp Morton, Indianapolis.

THE Portuguese Government has built a gunboat to carry one gun. It is named the Terror of the Sea.

THERE are now in the penitentiary of Nashville one hundred and twenty-five political prisoners.

THERE is at present nearly one hundred refugees in Memphis, from the Upper counties of Tennessee. Having no means of defense they have been obliged to flee from rebel conscription.

COL. WILDER, one of the few heroes of the present war, is at Indianapolis, on a sick furlough. Col. Wilder has been in many battles, and a braver or more gifted commander never lived.

THE miners at the Bodiam coal mines near Evansville, are on a strike for higher wages, and in consequence no coal is being taken out, and none can be supplied until the strikers again go to work.

A YOUNG LADY recently blown off some high cliffs on the coast of England was preserved from death by her crinoline which alighted her, blushing but unhurt, on the sands eighty feet below.

COL. BILLY WILSON is to be restored to his original rank, with authority to raise a brigade of volunteers in New York. The work of raising the brigade is to be begun immediately after the State election.

A REBEL OFFICER, brought to Washington, a few days since, was asked if Lee intended to make another invasion of Maryland, when he emphatically exclaimed "D—— Maryland."

ON Saturday the city of Cincinnati lacked but four hundred volunteers to clear it of the draft. Extra bounties were to be offered for this number, and it was thought the entire quota would be filled by Monday evening.

IT IS understood that Mr. Taurlow Weed has purchased a large tract of land opposite Fort Washington, on the Jersey bank of the Hudson, and intends to make it his home. He will build a splendid residence there.

ON Saturday two coal dealers of Cincinnati, who were fortunate enough to have a small quantity of coal remaining on hand, sold two loads each at ninety cents a bushel, or $22 50 per load. Another asked $25 for one load.

GEN. LEW WALLACE, who took an active part in the fight at Island No. 10, Pittsburgh Landing, Shiloh and Corinth, but who, from some cause, silently passed from observation, has become a partner in a pork and beef packing house at Crawfordsville, Ind.

THE STORY going the rounds of the press, to the effect that previous to the French invasion of Mexico Secretary Seward furnished Count Mercier with General Scott's plans and charts to assist Marshal Forey's operations, is authoritatively pronounced to be utterly without foundation.

CONTRACTS were awarded at Washington on the 20th for mules, by General Rucker Quartermaster, to L. A. Anderman, New Philadelphia, Ohio, 500, at $118.95; Joseph McGee, Baltimore, 600, at $122; D. P. Moore, Washington, 500, at $125; E. F. Maffit, Cadiz, O., 500, at $127.

GOV. RAMSEY, of Minnesota, in his treaty with the Indians, succeeded in purchasing a tract of land of the Indians 180 miles in length and from 120 to 125 in breadth. This comprises the land on both sides of the Red river, and will secure the trade of the Red river valley.

THE demonstrations to celebrate the formal opening of the North Western Fair at Chicago, Ill., for the benefit of the Sanitary Commission, was a magnificent affair. The procession was fully three miles long, and was composed of the military, fire department and benevolent societies. The indications are that the Fair will be a great success.

A LETTER addressed to Earl RUSSELL by the Aborigines Protection Society represent that the inhabitants of Polynesia are victims of a traffic as cruel and remorseless as the African slave-trade—they having simply taken the place of the Chinese coolies, whose sufferings excited so much commiseration a few years ago. Earl RUSSELL replies that the British Government is doing all it can to stop this abuse.

THE trunks of two trees have been sent from the battle-field at Gettysburg for the Massachusetts and Pennsylvania Historical Societies. They will attest the fierceness of the conflict there, one of them having two hundred and fifty bullet holes in the space of twenty-one feet, and the other having one hundred and ten in the same space. Sad reminders they will be of the heroic dead.

THE steamer Mist, bound from Helena to Memphis, while making a landing on the Mississippi side of the river, fifteen miles above Helena, on the 21st inst., was boarded by ten or fifteen guerrillas, who robbed the boat of $20,000 and other valuables, and then set the boat on fire, which was consumed with a number of bales of cotton. One of the parties was shot, and three others were captured in the vicinity the next day. The boat was owned in Paducah, and cost $40,000.

PENNSYLVANIA AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.—The Agricultural College, or Farmers' High School of Pennsylvania, is now in full operation. It is well situated in Centre county, near the Allegheny Mountains. The college building is a fine structure, costing $100,000, and four acres of land are connected with it. The students rise at six and breakfast at half past six the year round. The course is four years, and students are thoroughly educated in everything pertaining to practical and scientific farming.

REFUGEES from Charleston are occasionally picked up by our squadron there. Three gave themselves up on the 17th inst. They represent the destitution of the poorer classes at Charleston as extreme, and that the inhabitants live daily in fear of a bombardment. The torpedo steamer which attacked the Ironsides on the 5th inst., was according to a refugee, not sunk, but returned to Charleston with the engineer and pilot. Further attempts are to be made to blow up the Ironsides. Two steamers have been expressly built, and one is building, for the purpose of exploding the torpedoes. One of the steamers is provided with an apparatus by means of which she can be submerged when necessary. Experiments with it, however, had not been so satisfactory as the rebels desired. It was tried some days ago, and five men were drowned by it. Alterations were made, another trial followed—this time with stillmore disastrous results, its whole crew of eight men being destroyed.

Campaign in Virginia.

"The Peninsula Campaign in Virginia, or, Incidents and Scenes from the Battle Field," is the title of a book, by Dr. J. J. MARKS, Chaplain of the 63d Pennsylvania, commanded by Col. (now General) ALEXANDER HAYS, also of this city. The author is known to most of our citizens, as a son of the late Gen. MARKS, of Robinson township, and also by his lectures on Egypt and the Holy Land. Dr. MARKS, through the most of his life, has been devoted to his professional duties as a public clergyman, but recently turned his attention to writing for the public, in the shape of books and lectures. His course of lectures in this city a few winters since, was an eminent success. His present book does not purport to be a history of the campaign in which his regiment bore a conspicuous part, but merely of scenes and incidents coming under his more immediate observation.

The Dr. sketches, in the first part of his book, army camp life along the Potomac—Mount Vernon—the old aristocratic section of Eastern Virginia. He takes no partisan views of any of the vexed questions in the army, though his sentiments on these can generally be discovered from his remarks. The story of HANSON YERBY, as told by an intelligent contraband, contains more of the true philosophy of slave life than half the books which have been written. We would safely intrust any intelligent reader of his story to answer the platform of the Democracy, the Constitution as it is and the Union as it was. HANSON'S story shows what the Union as it was during the last twenty years has been to slaves in the slave-breeding States. If that is what they want restored, then we do not believe any patriot desires it. The Union as it was fifty years ago we would like to see restored.

The book also contains the Dr.'s observations during the campaign before Richmond. This part of the history of the war is yet to be written. Finally we have a few chapters on the scenes in the Libby Prison, where the Dr. was carried as a prisoner, and had the good luck to escape therefrom, which some others of our citizens have not done. We cordially commend the book to the attention of our readers, as calculated to do much good. The style is graphic and pleasing, and on the whole the book is an excellent one.

WHAT IT HAS COST US.—The injury which two or three privateers may do a country which has its commerce scattered over the entire globe, is shown in the interruption to the trade and commerce of this country caused by the operations of the Alabama and Florida. The foreign trade of the port of New York for the same quarter in each of the last four years shows that the carrying trade is rapidly changing hands, and seeking European flags for protection. In 1860 the value of the goods imported and exported for the quarter ending June 20th, from New York, in American vessels, was $62,598,326; in foreign vessels, $30,918,851. In the same quarter, 1861, in American vessels, the amount was $47,-000,376; foreign vessels, $29,052,933. 1862, American vessels, $23,403,830; foreign, $65,889,853. Four years have served to change the figures completely, the American losing about thirty-nine millions, and the foreign trade gaining thirty-five millions. A portion of this loss is covered by the employment of American vessels in the war, but the greater portion of it is attributed to the fear shippers have of capture. The determination of England to stop privateering from her ports will probably restore a great portion of this business, but the figures above given will show very nearly the cost to our commerce of a neutrality which, in the manner it was made to operate, is as mischievous as open war.

THE late STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS, whose memory is warmly cherished by all loyal Democrats, once remarked that "patriotism emanates from the heart, fills the soul, infuses itself into the whole man, and speaks and acts the same language. A friend of his country in war will feel, speak and act for his country, revere his country's cause and hate his country's enemies. America wants no friend, acknowledges the fidelity of no citizen, who, after war is declared, condemns the justice of her cause and sympathizes with the enemy. All such are traitors in their hearts." These noble sentiments are a flat rebuke of the so-called Democracy of the day, who, now that their country is at war with that most bitter of all enemies, a domestic foe, not only do not "feel and act and speak" for their country, but "feel and act and speak" *against* the Government, and do all that lies in their power to embarrass its efforts to put down its enemies. Alas! that the name of Democrat, in which the great Democratic leader of Illinois took so much pride and delight, should be thus disgraced by being prostituted to the service of rebellion. How are the mighty fallen!

THE Convention of radical Germans, which assembled at Cleveland, on Saturday, the 17th inst., concluded its sessions on Wednesday morning. The proceedings are represented as having been very harmonious, and the debates as showing the most ardent and patriotic zeal. Fifteen States were represented, including three slave States. The following platform was adopted by the Convention:

1. Integrity of the Union and subordination of the several States under the sovereignty of the people of the United States;
2. Unconditional suppression of the rebellion.
3. Abolition of slavery in the entire territory of the United States in the shortest way.
4. Revision of the Constitution in the spirit of the Declaration of Independence.
5. Treatment of the re-conquered rebel States as Territories for the purpose of reconstruction.
6. Cession of the confiscated lands in the spirit of the Homestead Bill, as well as donation of portions of land to the defenders of the country, of whatever color, and to the liberated slaves.
7. Realization of the Monroe doctrine.
8. Alliance with European revolution against foreign intervention.
9. Protection of the freedom of the press and speech against military usurpation.
10. Establishment of a national military system similar to the Swiss system. Universal obligation for military service.
11. Support of such candidates for public offices as stand nearest to the principles laid down in this platform.

NASAL PROVERBS.—The New York *Post* having said recently that the French have no less than nine proverbs relating to the nose, for which in English we have but two equivalent expressions, viz: "Follow our nose," and "He cannot see beyond his nose," a correspondent, influenced by an ardent admiration of the English language, and jealous for its reputation as a tongue justly proud of its wealth in nasal proverbs, refutes this too modest claim by citing the following instances:

1. Follow your nose. 2. He cannot see beyond his nose. 3. An inch is a good deal on a man's nose. 4. He would bite his own nose off to spite his face. 5. He has a nose of wax. 6. As plain as the nose on your face. 7. To hold one's nose to the grindstone. 8. To lead one by the nose. 9. To put one's nose out of joint.

The writer says he has ten more sayings as a reserve force or masked battery, if needed.

AT a political meeting in Ohio a Democrat tried to shoot a Republican, and instead of that shot his own sister, who saw that trouble was brewing and rushed between the parties to prevent it. Politicians,

"You should never let
Your angry passions rise."

SAD ACCIDENT AT KOKOMO.—At Kokoma, Ind., on Thursday afternoon of last week, Harry Guaton, of the Junction hotel, was playing with a pistol, and, turning to a servant girl, said, playfully, "See how I'll make 'Becky' jump;" at the same moment his pistol was discharged, the ball entering the head of the girl, producing, it is supposed, a mortal wound. Guiton was almostfrantic on beholding what he had done.

Governor Curtin at Home.

GOV. CURTIN and family made a hasty visit last week to Bellefonte, his old home, and he was received with the greatest enthusiasm. Although his coming was unknown, a meeting was at once called in the Court House, and it was soon filled to overflowing by ladies and gentlemen, without distinction of party, to do honor to their townsman who had been so signally honored by the people of Pennsylvania. In answer to an address made by Mr. M'ALISTER, Gov. CURTIN thus beautifully referred to his own position in the late contest:

"Three years ago he aspired to become Governor in order to satisfy a manly ambition. He felt, three years ago, that there was to be honor won in reaching the eminence of Chief Magistrate of a powerful Commonwealth. The honor had been won and worn. It brought anxious days and sleepless nights. It imposed laborious duties, and demanded unceasing vigilance. Hence, so far as the honor of wielding Executive power is concerned, he was fully satisfied; and had his fellow-citizens decreed otherwise, he would have sought the repose and comforts of his old home, without a single regret for lost power, and with every satisfaction for regained privacy and tranquil pleasure. But the people had decided that he should be a candidate, and therefore he had entered the contest with a zeal which would be satisfied with nothing but success. He was anxious to triumph because he knew that success would enable him to be of service to the National Government. He labored for victory because he fervently believed that the success of the principle which he represented, involved the certain success of the Federal Government to crush the rebellion.

Serious Railroad Accident.

A train of seventeen cattle cars, containing about 126 condemned horses, and a guard of 126 troopers, all belonging to Gen. Kilpatrick's 3d cavalry division, started from Gainesville at 11 o'clock on Friday last, and when four miles on the road to Alexandria, and on a curve, the train going at a rapid rate, several of the track-ties gave way, precipitating eight of the cars from the track and down a steep embankment. Twenty of the guard were injured, four or five dangerously, but, strange to say, no one was killed. Many of the horses were killed, and others received such injuries as to render the shooting of them necessary.

Captain Dorning, of the 2d New York cavalry, who had charge of the horses, escaped without injury. Dr. Hackley, surgeon-in-chief of the 3d division of cavalry, and Drs. Capehart and Kingston, with a sufficient force of assistants, were promptly on the ground, rendering all the necessary assistance to the wounded. The following is a list of the injured soldiers: William H. McGlumpy, William H. Webster, John Polkey, Sergeant E. J. Wright, William E. Childs, David Throp, David Fritz, S. Garrison, Jacob Greenaut, Amos Noble, and Corporal John Moore, all of the 18th Pennsylvania Cavalry. Jas. Kanan, John Carlin, tM. Nutting, William Russell, S. W. Fonsand, and P. McMullen, all of the 5th New York Cavalry, and William Sthestet and Frank Vahen, of the 2d New York Cavalry. One unknown man mortally wounded.

Gov. Curtin's Popularity.

A recent article in the New York *Tribune* intimates that some other candidate than Gov. Curtin could have polled perhaps ten thousand more votes in the recent canvass. This is an error into which the *Tribune* has evidently been led by the misrepresentations of interested persons unfriendly to Gov. Curtin. It is also very easily controverted, the returns clearly indicating that there is no foundation for the statement. There is no purer or more popular man in the Union organization of this State than Judge Agnew, who was on the ticket with Gov. Curtin, but his vote falls behind the Governor's several thousand. The truth is, there is not another man living in Pennsylvania so strong with the people as Gov. Curtin, and with any other candidate we are clearly of the opinion that the State would have been lost. Those who assert that he was not our strongest man, either wilfully falsify, or are totally ignorant of the feelings of the people, and are too stupid to comprehend facts plainly demonstrated. We do not charge that this is the case with the *Tribune*. That paper was unquestionably imposed upon by parties desiring to disparage Gov. Curtin, and unintentionally gave currency to opinions which are not sustained by facts and figures. There is not an unbiassed, candid, well-informed Union man in the State who will not admit that the Governor is "the man of the people," and by his eloquence and energy inspired our loyal voters with that enthusiasm and determination which alone gave us the victory. The soldiers, by their suffrages and influence, gave him thousands of votes that could not have been carried by any other man, and he roused and rallied the people as they were never roused before.

His nomination was almost unanimous, in spite of the disreputable efforts of a powerless clique of personal enemies, and that nomination unmistakably saved Pennsylvania to the Union cause. Let the honor be given where it justly belongs.—*Crawford Journal.*

THE SEASON—A HARD WINTER.—Our present October weather is wintry beyond any weather at this season for many years past. A flight of snow is no uncommon occurrence here in October; but a snow-fall of six inches lying upon the ground for four days and attended by hard freezes, the snow not thawing in the shade even at mid-day, is an event which for this season the "oldest inhabitant" would find it difficult to match by anything of the kind in his recollection. On Friday morning the temperature, as indicated by some of the thermometers, had sunk at sunrise to within twenty-four degrees of zero. The streets and roofs of buildings are still covered with snow which fell on Thursdsy last.

If a hard winter comes, like the cholera, with "premonitory symptoms," we have some reasons to fear a winter of the "old fashioned" sort this year. Already we have had several untimely frosts, and, through the fall months, weather rather cool for the season. The weather-wises, too, point to incidents which they deem signs of a severe winter. This is indicated, they say, by the movements of birds and fishes. It was a Roman superstition which Shakspeare had in mind when he said that "augurs and understood relations have been by coughs and maggot-pies begot."

It is said that in the North-western States the brook-trout are leaving the shallow streams and betaking to the deep pools, and that the muskrats are fortifying the habitations in which they hybernate, against the intense cold weather, by another thick layer of mud. In the East it is discovered that the wild fowl are streaming southward unusually early in the season. Wild ducks have already appeared in large numbers in the waters of the Chesapeake. These are regarded as almost infallible indications of a very severe winter; and though the like has been reported of one species, and no hard winter followed, it has hardly ever been known that so many concurrent signs of long and bitter cold weather failed.

Certainly, those of us who dread cold have had little reason to complain of the climate in this region for the last seven years. During that interval, the winters have been uncommonly mild—some of them scarcely deserving the name. Last year there was so little of winter weather that the ice crop here was a failure. Now and then we may look for a failure. Now and then we may look for a hard winter, and the chances of one occurring this year are all the greater for the moderate winters which have been us for so many years.—*St. Louis Republicrn, 25th.*

BIG LIFTING.—Dr. George Winship, the strong man of Boston, now raises daily the extraordinary weight of two thousand six hundred pounds. This weight he raises upon a platform, suspended from his shoulders by means of a shoulder bar and a quantity of leather straps. The doctor thinks he shall continue his experiments until he can raise 3,000 pounds. This, he believes, is the practical limit for one of his organization and constitution. He was not originally of a robust frame, and was a weak and sickly youth when he first began his lifting experiments. He is a small man now, not weighing quite 140 pounds. He is of opinion that men superior to him in point of physical endowment may be trained to raise far greater weights.

PHILOSOPHICAL YOUTH.—The other day a father, remonstrating with his boy upon lying late in bed, said that the sun had been up these three hours. "That's no great wonder, father," replied the son; "if I had as many miles to travel to-day as the sun has, I would have risen as soon as he." Sound reasoning that.

GREAT complaint is made at Richmond that business men, instead of investing their money in Confederate scrip, are purchasing real estate.

HER Majesty, the Queen of Portugal, gave birth to a prince on the 28th ult. The little stranger was born at one o'clock and baptised at three.

Editor of Commercial:

DEAR SIR,—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send by return mail, to all who wish it (free), a Recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads, or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
oc5:3m:d&w 831 Broadway, New York.

SIGEL CONCERT HALL,
No. 47 Fifth street, opposite the Theatre.

Theatrical performances every EVENING, with Declamations, Solos, Duetts, and Terzetts out of the latest Farces and Operas, by

Mad. MUELLER,
Mr. MERBITZ, and
Mr. GOLDSCHMIDT.

Admission FREE. In rehearsal JOHN and HANNE. WM. RUECKEISEN,
oc30:tf Proprietor.

DENTISTRY.
Dr. W. F. FUNDENBERG,
Has resumed the practice of his Profession, at
No. 142 Penn street,
oc29:1m two doors below Pitt street.

PRIME AND SCARCE GOODS
AT
ALBREE'S,
No. 86 N. E. cor. of Diamond & Market st.

MEN'S, BOY'S and YOUTH'S custom made, double sold, thick CALF BOOTS; with a general assortment of every kind of
Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes.
These goods are made to special order, will be sold in good faith, and warranted to give satisfaction. oc30

VIERHELLER'S
OYSTER DEPOT.
Select Family Oysters received daily, wholesale and retail.
NOS. 71 AND 73 FIFTH ST.,
Under Miner's Bookstore.
H. VIERHELLER.
oct30

GROVER & BAKER'S
PREMIUM SEWING MACHINES.
THE ONLY GOLD MEDAL
Ever Awarded to Sewing Machines in Illinois.

These Machines were awarded the Highest Premiums, *over all competitors*, for the *Best Family Sewing Machine*, the *Best Manufacturing Machines*, and the *Best Machine Work*, at the following STATE FAIRS, of 1863:

New York State Fair,
First Premium for family machine.
First Premium for double-thread machine.
First Premium for machine work.
Vermont State Fair,
First Premium for family machine.
First Premium for manufacturing machine.
First Premium for machine work.
Iowa State Fair,
First Premium for family machine.
First Premium for manufacturing machine.
First Premium for machine work.
Michigan State Fair,
First Premium for family machine.
First Premium for manufacturing machine.
First Premium for machine work.
Indiana State Fair,
First Premium for machine for all purposes.
First Premium for machine work.
Illinois State Fair,
First Premium for machine for all purposes.
First Premium for machine work.
Kentucky State Fair,
First Premium for machine for all purposes.
First Premium for machine work.
Pennsylvania State Fair,
First Premium for manufacturing machine.
First Premium for beautiful machine work.
Ohio State Fair,
First Premium for machine work.

And the following County Fairs:

Chittenden Co. (Vt.) Agricultural Society,
First Premium for family machine.
First Premium for manufacturing machine.
First Premium for machine work.
Champlain Valley (Vt.) Agricultural Society,
First Premium for family machine.
First Premium for manufacturing machine.
First Premium for machine work.
Hampden Co. (Mass.) Agricultural Society,
Diploma for family machine.
Diploma for machine work.
Franklin Co. (N. Y.) Fair.
First Premium for family machine.
First Premium for manufacturing machine.
Queen's Co. (N. Y.) Agricultural Society.
First Premium for family machine.
Washington Co. (N. Y.) Fair,
First Premium for family machine.
Saratoga Co. (N. Y.) Fair.
First Premium for family machine.
Mechanic's Institute (Pa.) Fair,
First Premium for machine for all purposes.
First Premium for machine work.

The above comprises all the Fairs at which the GROVER & BAKER MACHINES were exhibited this year. At nearly all of them the leading Sewing Machines were in competition.

The work made upon the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine has received the First Premium at every State Fair in the United States where it has been exhibited to this date.

Sales Rooms, No. 18 FIFTH street, Pittsburgh
oc23:mw&s:d-o&w] A. F. CHATONEY, Agent.

THE FAIRY SEWING MACHINE,

For Mrs. Chas. S. Stratton, (Mrs. General Tom Thumb,)
MANUFACTURED BY
WHEELER & WILSON
Sewing Machine Co.,
Office: 27 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

This LILLIPUTIAN SEWING MACHINE which attracted so much attention at the late Fair at the American Institute, is richly gilt, plated, and pearled. The balance-wheel, hand-wheel, shafts, etc., are heavily plated. Though of *petite* dimensions, the Machine is suited to practical work, and is furnished with drawers and all the appliances ordinarily sent with the Machine.

The body of the case is 20 inches high and 15 inches deep, made of richly-carved rose-wood, inlaid with elaborate and beautiful arabesques in pearl and gold, and lined with satinwood. The panels are painted with tasteful devices.

Cupid and Psyche smile upon you from the cover; rosy little Cherubs with dimpled chins and wings outspread—as the old masters loved to paint them—hover on the sides; the little bride herself attired as the 'Goddess of Liberty,' is faithfully portrayed on one panel, and General Tom Thumb, as 'Young America,' is gorgeous on another; while a mimic representation of the little bridal party, with their attendants, and their flowing white bridal garments, gives significance to the whole.

Messrs. WHEELER & WILSON carried off their accustomed honors at the Fair; the

HIGHEST PREMIUM
for the best
DOUBLE-THREADED SEWING MACHINE; BEING THE MOST PERFECT AND SIMPLE IN ITS CONSTRUCTION and WORKING POINTS.

Also, for their Button and Eyelit Hole Machine; for novelty and the perfection of its work; Diploma for a beautiful specimen of Machine Braid work, and a Silver Medal for FOOTE'S

Patent Umbrella Lock Stand.
oc29 *Illustrated News, Oct. 24.*

THE BANNER AND UNION
TOBACCO MANUFACTORIES,
Nos. 31 St. Clair street, and 53 and 55 Hand street,
PITTSBURGH.
The choicest and most elegant brands of Cigars and Tobacco manufactured and for sale by
oc21:1y E. MEGRAW.

THE AMERICAN WINE CO.,
OF PENNSYLVANIA,
(Under the Act approved 18th July, 1863.)
ON COMMISSION AND STORAGE.
Wholesale and Retail Dealing in Wines.
☞ Producers are respectfully requested to leave their samples at No. 6 Wood street.
oc10:1y R. L. ALLEN, Agent.

UMBRELLAS INSURED,
by using
Foote's Patent Umbrella Lock Stand,

"Honorable mention," World's Fair, London, 1862.
It is suited to family residences, boarding houses, offices, hotels, churches, &c.
Manufactured by
WHEELER & WILSON,
And sold at the Agency, No. 27 FIFTH street, Pittsburgh.
oc20:3w

WANTED.—A situation as CLERK, BOOK-KEEPER or SALESMAN, by a young man bred in and thoroughly acquainted with the city, who is not afraid of work. Has been employed in various branches of business, and can give the very best of reference.
Address D., *Commercial* Office. [oc29:1w

THE MISSES HASKELL have opened their classes in
Physical Culture and Light Gymnastics,
at NEVILLE HALL. Those intending to join, will find it to their advantage to do so at the earliest opportunity. Classes for Ladies and Gentlemen: Tuesday's and Friday's, at 7½ P. M. For Ladies and Children: Wednesday and Saturday afternoons, at 3 o'clock. oc28:tf

S. H. LUCAS,
Grocer, Flour & Commission Merchant,
No. 265 Liberty street,
oc28:3m PITTSBURGH.

JOHN MEYER'S
Restaurant and Eating Saloon,
No. 48 Smithfield street,
oc28:1y PITTSBURGH.

BULBOUS FLOWER ROOTS.—We have just received a very superior assortment of HYACINTHS, TULIPS, CROCUS, POLYANTHUS, NARCISSUS, GONQUILS, &c., &c. J. KNOX,
oc26 No. 29 Fifth street.

WINE PRESSES.—We have for sale two of HICKOK'S CIDER and WINE MILLS. The only mill that properly grinds grapes. J. KNOX,
oc26 No. 29 Fifth street.

KREBS & BRO.,
LITHOGRAPHERS AND PRINTERS,
Corner Wood and Fifth streets,
PITTSBURGH.
Bonds, Certificates of Stock and Deposit; Bank Drafts and Checks executed in the highest style of the art. Orders by mail promptly attended to. se29:3m

MEDICAL CARD,
F. X. DeROLETTE, M. D.
From the Medical Faculty of Paris, France, Ex Intern (Resident Physician) of
HOTEL DIEU, CHARITY HOSPITALS, &c.
DATE OF DIPLOMA, 1828.
The following specialities attended:
1st. Diseases of the respiratory organs, as Bronchitis, Asthma, &c.
2d. Diseases peculiar to Ladies, result of debility, nervousness, &c.
3d. Diseases peculiar to old and young men.
OFFICE 51 GRANT ST., St. Nicholas Building.
se7

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—The Stock Transfer Books of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company will be closed on the SECOND (2d) DAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, and so remain until after the annual meeting of Stockholders in December next, for the election of Directors of said Company for the coming year.
W. O. HUGHART,
oc29 Secretary and Treasurer.

EAGLE TANNERY.
CHARLES KIEFER,
Office: No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
MANUFACTURER OF
Oak-Tanned Harness, Bridle, Skirting
and
SOLE LEATHER,
WAXED UPPER, KIPS AND CALF SKINS.
Also, keeps for sale Pink and Pad Skins, prime article Goats' Hair, for Saddlers' use. The highest price paid for leather in the rough. Green Hides and Calf Skins.
☞ Best quality TANNERS' OIL on hand.
oc29:6m

GRAPE VINES.—We have over ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND superior Vines, of all the leading kinds, for sale.
Parties wishing to purchase would do well to visit our grounds and examine our vines and fruit. We can still show the fruit of over a dozen varieties; and our stock of vines, in point of quantity and quality, is unsurpassed anywhere.
Circulars giving descriptions of the different varieties, and prices, will be sent by mail to all applicants, or can be had at No. 29 Fifth street.
oc24 J. KNOX.

DR. EDW. CZARNIECKI,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Thierarzt and Horse Tamer,
WEST street, two doors from OHIO street. Allegheny city, Pa. Recommends himself in the whole range of VETERINARY SCIENCE, especially in the treatment of all external and internal diseases; likewise in all Surgical Operations, Castration of animals, &c., &c.
Always on hand, my celebrated Horse Powders, Spavin Plaster, &c., &c. oc23:6m

MUSICAL ASSOCIATION.—At the request of a large number of amateurs, Mr. EDWIN SHERRATT will commence to form an ASSOCIATION of LADIES and GENTLEMEN, somewhat advanced in Vocal Music, for further improvement. This Association will be conducted on an entirely different plan from any heretofore adopted in this city. Mr. SHERRATT will be assisted by Mr. C. C. MELLOR and Miss IMOGENE BROWN.
Regular meetings on Monday evenings, commencing November 2d, 1863, at Musical Institute, corner of Penn and St. Clair street.
For further particulars inquire at the hours of from 4 to 5:30 P. M., or from 7 to 9 o'clock.
oc 7:lw

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS;
EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS;
EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS;
EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS;
EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS;
IN
DRY GOODS,
AT
BARKER & CO.'S,
oc29 59 Market street.

NEW DRY GOODS
CHEAP.
DRESS GOODS
CHEAP.
SHAWLS & CLOAKS
CHEAP.
BLACK SILKS
CHEAP.
EVERYTHING
CHEAP,
AT
E. R. GARDNER & CO.'S,
oc26 92 Market street.

MILLINERY GOODS,
BONNETS,
TRIMMINGS,
EMBROIDERIES,
RIBBONS,
HATS,
YARNS,
NOTIONS,
FANCY GOODS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
HOSIERY and GLOVES,
BEAD NETS,
HEAD DRESSES,
LADIES' and CHILDREN'S Undergarments,
JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,
oc13 Nos. 77 and 79 MARKET street.

OPPOSITE POST-OFFICE.
Albums;
Albums;
Albums;
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS.
FOR 30 CARDS $3.50:
" 40 " 4.00:
" 50 " 4.50;
ALL TURKEY BOUND.
SEE THEM;
SEE THEM, at
PITTOCK'S,
oc29 Opposite the Post Office;

CRYSTALLINE CANDLES.—1,000 Boxes of those beautiful and useful Candles for sale by
oc15 B. C. & J. H SAWYER.

MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS BANK,
Pittsburgh, October 15, 1863.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS will be held at the banking house on MONDAY, the 16th day of November next, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, the 3d day of November, at 10 o'clock, A. M. JOHN SCOTT, Jr.,
oct6:1m Cashier.

ALLEGHENY BANK, October 14th, 1863.
AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the banking house on the 16th day of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M., and 2 o'clock, P. M.
The Annual Meeting of the stockholders will be held on the 3d day of November next, at 12 o'clock, M. J. W. COOK,
oc15:1m Cashier.

EXCHANGE BANK, OF PITTSBURGH,
October 14, 1863.
THE ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the banking house on MONDAY, November 15th, 1863, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M.
The annual meeting of Stockholders will take place on TUESDAY, November 2d, at 11 o'clock, A. M. H. M. MURRAY.
oc15:1m

CITIZENS BANK, Pittsburgh, Oct. 15th, 1863.
AN ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the banking house on MONDAY, November 16th, at 10 o'clock, A. M.
The regular Annual Meeting of Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, November 3d, at 11 o'clock, A. M. GEO. T. VAN DOREN,
oc17:1m Secretary.

MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.—The Stockholders of the ADVENTURE MINING COMPANY, of Michigan, are hereby notified that a meeting of Stockholders will take place on TUESDAY, the 10th day of November next, at 3 o'clock, P. M., at the office of the Company, in the city of Pittsburgh, for the purpose of considering the propriety of reorganizing under the General Mining Laws of Michigan, with 20,000 shares—and for such other business pertaining to the affairs of the Company as may properly come before the meeting. Stockholders who may not be able to attend, are requested to send their proxies, so that they may be represented at said meeting.
By order of Directors,
JAMES M. COOPER,
Secretary of Adventure Mining Company, of Michigan. oct7:td

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—The Stockholders of the PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of Pittsburgh, at 11 o'clock, A. M., on THURSDAY, the 12th day of November, A. D. 1863, for the purpose of accepting or rejecting the following named Acts and Supplements, passed by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, at its last session, to wit: "An act to repeal the ninth section of an act authorizing the laying out of a State Road from the borough of Irwinsburg, Bedford county, to intersect a public road leading from Easton to Mauch Chunk, and for other purposes," approved the 1st day of April, A. D. 1863. "A supplement to an act to incorporate the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company," approved the 11th day of April, A. D. 1863. Also, "A supplement to an act to incorporate the Safe Harbor and Susquehanna Turnpike Road Company," *et cetera*, approved the 14th day of April, A. D. 1863.
THOS. S. BLAIR,
CYRUS P. MARKLE,
JOHN A. CAUGHEY,
J. R. MARSTON,
W. W. TAYLOR,
A. MILLAR,
H. BURGWIN,
JOHN S. DILWORTH,
DANL. R. DAVIDSON,
W. S. HAVEN,
Directors of the Pittsburgh & Conn. R. R. Co.
Pittsburgh, Oct. 27th, 1863. oc28:tf

COUNTRY SEATS FOR SALE.—The undersigned has sub-divided his farm, on Chartiers Creek, near McKee's Rocks, into LOTS, suitable for suburban residences—say of five and six acres each.
An adjourned public sale will take place on TUESDAY, the 3d day of November, at 11 o'clock, A. M.
A plot of the ground can be seen, after next Monday, at my residence—also at the office of the *Commercial*.
The TERMS will be ¼ in hand and the balance in three annual payments.
JAMES McGUNNIGLE,
oc27:td Chartiers Township.

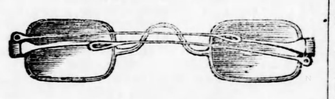
THE BUGLE-CALL.—A collection of nearly fifty of the freshest, spiciest and most rousing songs, trios, quartetts and choruses ever published. This book should be in every loyal home, in every Union League, and around every camp fire—for it will help the right, while it arouses, amuses and entertains. By Geo. F. Root.
Copies mailed on receipt of 35 cents.
oc27 CHAS. C. MELLOR, 81 Wood street.

MALTA HOUSE.
JOHN HEINREICHS, Proprietor,
Federal street, Allegheny.
Has again opened his house, where he will furnish Oysters in every style. Oysters for sale by the can or dozen. oc19:tf-e-o-d

GENTLEMEN BUY YOUR
FINE WHITE SHIRTS,
TRAVELING SHIRTS, COLLARS,
UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS,
NECK TIES, SCARFS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
GLOVES, HALF HOSE,
SUSPENDERS, &c., at
McCULLOCH'S
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING STORE,
81 MARKET STREET.
☞ The LARGEST STOCK in the city, and selected expressly for Retail Trade. oc17

CLOAKS of every pattern;
SACQUES of all styles;
MANTLES made to order;
SILKS of every color and every style;
MERINOS,
COBURGS,
REPS,
POPLINS,
BARETHEAS,
EMPRESS CLOTHS,
WINCYS,
and PLAIDS.
SHAWLS,
Long and square, Ladies and Misses, at all prices.
DOMESTICS,
Of every description, always on hand at
ALEX. BATES',
21 Fifth street.
☞ Country merchants supplied. [oc27

GEORGE E. SHAW,
PRACTICAL OPTICIAN,



AND MANUFACTURER OF
PHILOSOPHICAL INSTRUMENTS,
CARBON OIL HYDROMETER,
DISTILLER'S THERMOMETERS,
SACCHAROMETERS, &

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—

Lessee and Manager.. .....WM. HENDERSON.
Treasurer.....H. OVERINGTON.

Farewell Benefit and last appearance but one of the Pittsburgh favorite,

MISS ETTIE HENDERSON,

On which occasion will be presented TWO NEW DRAMAS, cast to the full strength of the excellent stock company. ETTIE HENDERSON IN TWO PIECES.

THIS EVENING will be presented the beautiful play of

THE FLOWER GIRL.

Madlon.....Ettie Henderson.
Jacques.....G. S. Kames.
Marquis.....C. Loveday.
Baptiste.....J. O. Sefton.
Song.....Miss a'Becket.

To conclude with the American Drama of the WEPT-OF-WISHTON-WISH.

Narramattah.....Ettie Henderson.

☞ Saturday, positively last night of ETTIE HENDERSON.

CONCERT HALL.
CONCERT HALL.

ONE WEEK ONLY!
ONE WEEK ONLY!

Commencing on Monday Evening, Nov. 2d.
Commencing on Monday Evening, Nov. 2d.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY

BLAISDELL BROTHERS TROUPE

OF

Vocalists, Harpists and Swiss Bell-Ringers!

Will give an entertainment as above, on which occasion they will be assisted by Vocal and Instrumental Solo Artistes of acknowledged ability.

MADAME BLAISDELL, Solo Harpist.
HERR FREDERICK HERR, Solo Cornet.
HERR GUSTAVE KAUFMAN, Solo Violinist
Mr. FRANN MOORE, Solo Flutist.

Grand Matinees for Children on WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY AFTERNOONS.

Tickets for the Children, in the afternoon, 10 cents. No half price at night.

Tickets, at night, 25 cts.; reserved seats, in front, 50 cents. For sale at the Book and Music Stores and at the Hall. oc29:1w

MASONIC HALL.

THIRD AND POSITIVELY LAST WEEK OF GOODWIN & CO.'S

POLYORAMA OF THE WAR.

Price Reduced to 15 Cents,

Notwithstanding the fact that the Hall has been crowded at each entertainment, the Manager in order to accommodate the masses, has reduced the price of admission to 15 cents, without distinction of age.

Exhibitions each Evening at 7 1-2 o'clock.

MATINEES Wednesday and Saturday afternoons at 3 o'clock. Admission to Matinees: Ladies 10 cents; children 5 cents.

RUFUS SOMERBY, Manager.

☞ Tuesday afternoon, exhibition for the benefit of the Ladies' Sanitary Committee. oc26:3t

GREAT TROTTING RACE

AT

COLLINS PARK,

ON

TUESDAY NEXT, NOVEMBER 3d,

BETWEEN

SHAMROCK AND SOFT SOAP.

oc29:td

CONCERT HALL.
FREE LECTURES

Dr. A. PAIGE,

ELECTRICIAN AND PHYSIOLOGIST,

FORMERLY OF BOSTON,

Will lecture in CONCERT HALL, Pittsburgh, on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY EVENINGS, October 26th, 28th and 29th, at 7½ o'clock, on

ELECTRICITY,

as connected with the Mental and Physical Changes, Mysterial and Diseases of Human Life from its origin to its close.

Ladies and Gentlemen are respectfully invited to attend. SEATS FREE.

Also, on Friday afternoon, October 30th, at 3 o'clock, exclusively to Ladies, and at 7½ o'clock in the evening, to gentlemen exclusively. Admission 25 cents.

Dr. Paige, in connection with Dr. J. A. Merrill, has taken rooms at 152 Fourth street, where they will devote a portion of their time to the treatment of Diseases. oc23:1w

DAN RICE'S GREAT HORSE SHOW

The model and moral exhibition of the age,

WILL EXHIBIT IN PITTSBURGH,

ON RED LION LOT,

WEDNESDAY,
THURSDAY,
FRIDAY and
SATURDAY,

OCTOBER 28, 29, 30 and 31.

EVERY AFTERNOON AT 2.
EVERY EVENING AT 7.

Upon which occasion the celebrated

AMERICAN HUMORIST,

DAN RICE!

Will positively appear and introduce the wonderful Blind Talking Horse,

EXCELSIOR, Jr.,

THE TRAINED ANIMALS,
EDUCATED MULES, &c.,

And lead in their various performances. The best troupe of

EQUESTRIANS,
GYMNASTS,
ACROBATS,
ATHLETES,

Ever brought before the public.

Dan Rice "Still Lives."

ADMISSION, BOXES.....25c.
RESERVED SEATS.....50c.
Children under 10 years of age, 25c. to all parts of the Pavilion. oc17

BARNDOLLAR & PRICE,

(Successor to T. J. Craig,)

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Tin Copper and Sheet Iron Ware.

ALSO,

Tin and Iron Roofers and Job Workers.

TOILET WARE,
BRITANNIA WARE,
COOKING STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
FIRE IRONS, COAL VASES,
FANCY COAL RODS,
BIRD CAGES, &c.

And HOVEY'S PATENT HAME TUG. oc17

I HAVE THIS DAY SOLD MY ENTIRE STOCK of

SHIP CHANDLERY AND BOAT STORES

TO

RENO, MARATTA & Co.

Who will continue the business at the

OLD STAND,

No. 47 Front street.

To those of my friends who have patronized me during the last fifteen years, while connected with the firm of ISHAM & FISHER, ISHAM, FISHER & Co. and JOHN G. ISHAM, I return my thanks, and solicit a continuance of the patronage to my successors, Messrs. RENO, MARATTA & CO., cheerfully recommending them as being every way worthy of it.

My office will remain for the present with Messrs. RENO, MARATTA & Co., where I hope to have the pleasure of seeing my customers and friends. JNO. G. ISHAM.

Cincinnati, October 19, 1863.

HAVING purchased the stock of Jno. G. Isham, and succeeded in the firms of Isham & Fisher, Isham, Fisher & Co. and John G. Isham, in the SHIP CHANDLERY AND BOAT STORE business, we hope to merit a continuance of the very liberal patronage bestowed upon them.

JOHN C. RENO,
FRANK MARATTA,
FRANK X. RENO,
No. 47 Public Landing.

Cincinnati, October 19, 1863. oc24:1f

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Subscribers in Manchester can be supplied with the DAILY COMMERCIAL by leaving their names with John P. Hughes, tobacconist, Beaver street.

South Pittsburgh, Birmingham, East Birmingham and Brownstown.

Citizens of the above places can have the *Daily* and *Evening Commercial* left at their residences by leaving their names at the undermentioned places:

South Pittsburgh—Nantker's store.
Birmingham—Mrs. Ramsey's News Depot, Carson street.
East Birmingham and Brownstown—At Leithead's News Depot, Carson street, East Birmingham. GEO. H. LEITHEAD, Carrier.

In the City.—W. W. Chandler, General Agent of the Pittsburgh and Cleveland Railroad was in the city yesterday.

Barn Burnt.—The barn of Capt. Wm. R. Hughes, of Wilmore, Cambria county, was totally consumed by fire, on Saturday last.

Notary Appointment.—Francis Torrance has been appointed a Notary Public for this county. Mr. T. can be found at his office, No. 189 Penn street, opposite the St. Clair Hotel.

Railroad Convention.—The Pacific railroad convention will meet in New York on Monday next. The result of its deliberations will be of exceeding interest to the country at large.

Mr. John Brander, an aged citizen of Vernon township, Crawford county, was found dead near his barn on the 14th inst. He was eighty years old, and his death is believed to have been caused by disease of the heart.

Pittsburghers in Philadelphia.—Among the arrivals at Philadelphia hotels on Tuesday were the following Pittsburghers: W. Shaw, R. Biddle Roberts, J. Dilworth and wife, R. Cowan, Miss Mary R. Cass, Rev. J. Ewing, W. Fleming, G. N. Hoffstatt, Miss H. C. Clifford, T. S. Leiserring.

Call at Long's.—Our young, energetic friend, E. P. Long, of 61 Market street, has recently received one of the largest and most select stocks of Boots and Shoes ever brought to the city. We commend Mr. Long's selection to the public, as he is a man of taste in elegant foot coverings.

Elegant and Useful.—Those about purchasing ladies', misses', or children's furs, should call at Fleming's, 139 Wood street, where you will find a large and beautiful assortment, comprising the most rare and beautiful varieties in these goods. Also, hats and caps of every style and quality. No better place can be found for goods in his line than at Fleming's, 139 Wood street.

No Gas.—On account of the coal famine, the citizens of Louisville have been, for the past taree weeks, without any gas, and as there is no sign of a coal boat rise, they will have to remain in darkness until the highest report, or else resort to carbon oil. It is estimated that there is at least 5,000,000 bushels of coal afloat here, which will start on the first water, but at present it might as well be in the banks for any good that it can do our neighbors below. In Cincinnati coal is selling at 9c per bushel.

Terrible Explosion.—A most frightful explosion in Saucon township, Lehigh township, Lehigh county, at the Pennsylvania Zinc mines, near Friedensville, on Tuesday of last week. Four boilers belonging to an engine, used for working the mines, were blown to atoms, together with the buildings in the vicinity. A large number of men were employed in the works, but most fortunately they were all away to dinner at the time of the explosion. A man named David Lander, who was driving a team of horses some eight rods distant, was instantly killed, as were also both of his horses. Another man, named Edward Diehl, was seriously injured.

Legal Intelligence.

DISTRICT COURT.—In this Court this morning, Thomas Cowan, of the Third ward, indicted for harboring a deserter, was acquitted.

CRIMINAL COURT.—In the Criminal Court this morning, in the case of Margaret Kelly, indicted for selling liquor without license, the jury found a verdict of guilty. Sentence deferred.

Findley A. Johnston was placed on trial, charged with affiliation. The parties reside in Robinson township. The defence was that the prosecutrix was a married woman, her husband being in the army.

Beautiful Presentation.—Yesterday, as the guests at the Scott House were partaking of their dinner, Mr. Dan Rice stepped up to Mr. Almon Menter, leader of the band that accompanies the circus, and presented him with a magnificent gold watch and chain, valued at $300. The presentation was a perfect surprise to Mr. Menter, who for some moments was entirely unable to reply, but regaining his composure, he returned his thanks in a few words, conveying, however, a depth of meaning. The watch is an elegant hunting case, with the engraved portrait of Mr. Menter playing the cornet on one side, in a shield, and inside the cap an inscription. Dan never does anything by halves.

A Deserter to be Shot.

Our readers will remember that at the present session of a Court Martial, held in this city, over which Col. D. B. Morris presides, one Richard S. Espy was tried for desertion. Espy was a resident of Brookville, Jefferson county, where he has a wife residing. He was a captain in the three months service, and subsequently a lieutenant in the nine months service. During the recent draft he enlisted as a substitute, after which he deserted.

The trial of Espy lasted several days, and was ably conducted throughout. After a fair and impartial investigation, he was convicted of the crime charged, and was sentenced to be shot. The papers in the case have been forwarded to headquarters at Washington for approval, and if approved, Richard J. Espy will be made an example of. The execution of the condemned, we presume will take place in this city.

Idle Girls.—The number of idle, useless girls in all of our large cities seem to be increasing. They lounge or sleep through their mornings, parade the streets during the afternoons, and assemble in frivolous companies of their own and the other sex to pass away their evenings. What a store of unhappiness for themselves and others are they laying up for the coming time, when real duties and high responsibilities shall be thoroughly assumed! They are skilled in no domestic duty—nay, they despise them: have no habits of industry, no taste for the useful. What will they be as wives and mothers? Alas for the husbands and children, and alas for themselves! Who can wonder if domestic unhappiness or domestic ruin follow? It is one of the world's oldest maxims, that idleness is the nursing mother of all evil and wretchedness. How sadly strange is it that so many parents—mothers especially—forget this, and bring up their daughters in dainty idleness. They are but sowing the wind to reap the whirlwind.

Terrible Accident—An Old Lady and two Twin Children Burned to Death.

A terrible occurrence took place last night about half-past six o'clock, by which an old lady named Mrs. Ellen Maloney, and her two grand-children, named Mary Ann and Emma, twins, and aged about four years, daughters of a Mrs. Daily, were burned to death. From all appearances, it would seem that Mrs. Maloney was in the act of putting the children to bed, when by accident the bed clothes took fire, and before the flames could be extinguished the old lady and the children, having first been suffocated by the smoke, were burned to death before they could be rescued. The Relief Fire Company were promptly on the spot, and succeeded in extinguishing the flames in time to save the house, and in time to save the charred bodies from being entirely consumed. In fact, one of the children still breathed for some time after being taken out. The house in which the parties lived, is on Magee street, in the Eighth Ward, near the Eighth Ward school house. Mrs. Daily is a washerwoman, and is spoken of as being a hard-working, industrious woman, of excellent character. Her husband was killed at Manassas Gap, and at the time of the fire she was absent at her daily labor, returning only in time to see the charred remains of her children taken from the burning house. The children are said to have been quite handsome, and quite interesting, more so probably on account of their being twins. Mrs. Malony was about sixty years of age.

Public Amusements.

THE GREAT SHOW.—It is now a pretty well established fact that the great jester, Dan Rice, lives, for he can be seen at the canvass, on the Red Lion lot, every afternoon and evening during the present week. The canvass is capable of containing about three thousand people, and is comfortable in every part of it. Mr. Rice has effected an entire revolution in circus matters. Many persons have heretofore objected to the performance of clowns; this has been obviated by doing away with the performance of the clown, and in his stead Mr. Rice appears as the humorist, *par excellence*. Everything that could be done, has been done to make the great show unexceptionable, and to make it an exhibition whose respectability should be beyond question, a place where all classes and conditions of men could go and take their families without fear of offence. The wonderful performances of the celebrated blind colt, Excelsior, jr., are of themselves a sufficient remuneration for the small amount demanded as an entrance fee. Go, see, and judge for yourselves. Another feature of the great show, and one that should recommend itself, is the fact that Mr. Rice admits all sick and wounded soldiers to the performances free of charge.

Thompson & Groetzinger will open on Monday, Nov. 2d, at No. 128 Federal street, Allegheny, a very large, complete and elegant stock of goods of every description; also, cloaks, shawls, and a well selected stock of furs of every variety and style, all of which will be sold at the lowest rates, to which they would respectfully call the attention of the public generally.

Select Lectures.—Dr. A. Paige will lecture this afternoon, at three o'clock, in Concert Hall, *exclusively to ladies*, and at eight o'clock this evening *to gentlemen only*. See advertisement and circulars.

If you want some large Shell Oysters call at the Rush House, Liberty street, near the Railroad depot. You will find a lot of the largest Shell ever brought to this market. Drop in and try them.

"Daily Commercial" Job Printing Office.—Orders for every style of Book and Job printing promptly and neatly executed, from a visiting card up to a mammoth poster. The most rapid and improved steam presses are used in the execution of the work.

Vocal Music.—H. D. Brecht, teacher of Singing and Cultivation of the Voice, 128 Smithfield street.

LINES

On the Death of Lieut. J. W. Burbridge.

The deceased was a member of the 26th Ohio regiment, and has been in active service since the commencement of the rebellion. He bade adieu to the pleasures and luxuries of a happy home, and took in exchange the toils, hardships and privations incident to a soldier's life. The solid integrity of his character, combined with a genial temperament, and a heart ever alive to the sufferings of those placed under him, won for him the regard and affection of those by whom he was surrounded.

He sleeps his last sleep—the brave and the good,
On the soil where proud Cumberland's army
once stood; [been crossed.
The dark turbulent stream of Chicamauga 's
And into the haven of rest he has passed.

Yes, his conflict is ended, like a soldier he died,
Undismayed by the roar of the battle's fierce
tide,
For the land of Columbia all danger he braved,
To perch on her banner, "The Union is saved."

He has laid down to rest, for he was weary and
worn,
But his name we'll transmit to ages unborn;
A hero, a soldier, a patriot was he,
And his life, dear Columbia, was offered for thee.

He sleeps, yet he lives, the good and the brave,
Though his body is shrouded in the gloom of the
His spirit trumphant, has risen above, [grave,
And entered the mansions of Heavenly Love.

The glittering hosts their night vigils shall keep,
But though shalt sleep on for thy slumber is deep,
And the rude blasts of winter, o'er thy low bed,
shall howl, [toll,
And the death winds of autumn, thy requiem

Farewell noble hero, we shall see the no more,
For thy bark, it hath anchored on eternity's
shore, [the battle.
There, secure, thou shall rest, undisturbed by
And o'er thee shall float the sweet anthems of
Heaven. MARY.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

The Weather, etc.—The Shoulder-Hitters in Limbo—Through from New York to Washington—Trades-Meetings—The Small-pox at Fort Delaware—The New York Soldiers and Election—Our Soldiers' Reading Room—Rothermel's Great Painting.

Special Correspondence of the Commercial.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 28, 1863.

The weather modified last night, and today is as balmy as one could desire, although at ten last evening both the air and clouds portended snow. The pleasant state of the weather, coupled with a generally satisfactory feeling concerning the condition of affairs in the different Military Departments, gives an air of quiet serenity which is really pleasant after a series of excitements, however much we may endeavor to accustom ourselves to them.

Last night I telegraphed you that a lot of shoulder-hitters, who managed to get up a fight down in the neighborhood of Port Penn, had been arrested while on their way up to this city. There was considerable wonderment how the affair went off so quietly, until the finale. It turns out now that a notorious fellow here, named McMullen (an Alderman!) had the matter in hand, and managed it successfully, so far as obtaining a fighting ground and keeping the affair quiet were concerned. McMullen, however, it seems was not able to get the party through without interference from the military authorities. It is a great pity that General Schoepf did not get him also, if he was along, and it is said he was, then we should be relieved of his presence for a brief period at any rate. He has disgraced us long enough.

The Junction Railroad Company are hurrying up their track for through travel from New York to Washington, as well as to Pittsburgh and the West, as by this track a sleeping car can be run from the Trenton road directly to West Philadelphia and switched off on the Pennsylvania track without any trouble, and so with the cars for day travel. The track is not yet completed to Gray's Ferry, but until that is completed through trains will cross the Schuylkill over the new iron bridge of the Pennsylvania road at the Arsenal, and intersect the Baltimore road at that point. It is difficult for us to realize that such a great improvement is so near completion. For years through passengers have had to submit to the inconvenience of transfers by night and day across this great city, by coaches and horse cars, until it really seemed as if it could be borne no longer. Of course Philadelphians had little interest in the matter, and not until staunch parties actually came near getting the permission of Congress to build a rival road from New York to Washington was there a disposition manifested to accommodate through travel. Next comes Baltimore; we must break up the horse railroad business there, and steam around that city.

I don't think I ever remember to have noticed such a number of meetings being held by the various trades-people as there are now. New York sets the example, and that is quite enough for all the provinces. The journeymen housepainters, coopers, carpenters, tailors, and I don't know how many other branches, have either held, or are soon to hold, meetings to consider the subject most dear to their hearts, viz.: an advance of wages. There appears to be a disposition manifested on the part of most manufacturers and employers to comply with all reasonable demands.

The large number of prisoners confined at Fort Delaware, notwithstanding the excellent discipline and sanitary arrangements of Gen. Schoepf, has finally resulted, it is stated, in the culmination of that infectious disease, the small-pox. Some think it will compel the authorities to remove a large number of those confined there. Nearly two hundred cases have been reported, and the treatment thus far has failed to keep it within proper bounds.

The following order has just been issued from the Medical Director's Office in this city, to the surgeons and officers in charge of the Government Hospitals throughout this District:

"SIR: You are directed, without delay, to give ten days' furlough, with free transportation home and back, to all soldiers of New York regiments under your charge."

The New York elections are close at hand, and the War Department was right in giving such men as are in our hospitals from that State a chance to go home and help their brethren "scotch" the serpent. So long as they are unable to go to the field, and *are* able to travel a couple of hundred miles or less by rail, they ought to have just the favor extended to them of which we read above. For every one, nearly, who reaches his home in time to comply with the legal formalities you may expect to hear of a proportionate Union majority.

Rothermel, who has grown somewhat popular of late years as an artist of the highest order, in composition and color, has just placed on exhibition a new subject, entitled "The Christian martyrs in the Coliseum." It is very large, and has engaged his time, at intervals, for a couple of years past. So far as criticism has yet been ventured, it is considered his best work. Rothermel has the advantage of many meritorious artists, for he is in good circumstances now, and can take his time on a subject that many would be obliged to hurry off. Perhaps his chiefest fault is that he does not study nature enough.

About one year and a half since some gentlemen and ladies obtained from a wealthy citizen, at a small rent, a small building very much out of repair, and which had been but little used for a long time previous, and fitted it up in a temporary manner for a Soldiers' Reading Room, where such military invalids as were able to leave their hopitals for a period during the day might come and enjoy themselves by reading books and papers, instead of lounging about places of improper resort or the street corners. It has proved to be of great utility, and is supported by contributions from the benevolent. Since the 15th of the present month, to show what may be done in a small way, for it is only a small building with limited accommodations, nearly 1,900 men, mostly wounded at Gettysburg, have been refreshed there with various delicacies, such as their condition might require. This is not intended to fill the sphere of either the Cooper Shop or Volunteer Saloon, as they are conducted quite differently. Only cakes, ice cream, and light food is occasionally served out at the Reading Room. On one occasion twenty-four one legged soldiers sat down at one table. Soldiers who come into town from the suburban hospitals can go there and get refreshed.

JENNY JUNE points out the way to win a woman. She says: "The most potent weapon in the hands of a man is generous devotion and gallantry towards women. It is a thousand times more effective than beauty of person or grandeur of intellect, because, without this, few women will care for either the one or the other, and with it will quickly invest the possessor with every other desirable attribute. A chivalrous bearing at once exalts a man into a hero, and habitual kindness, consideration, and a certain deferential politeness in his conduct towards women, mark the gentleman."

FINANCE AND TRADE.

COAL AT CINCINNATI.—The *Commercial* of Thursday says: "4,000 bushels Hartford City Coal sold at 50c, afloat. The supply is fearfully behind the demand, and the Council Committee has gone to work in good earnest to procure supplies. Groceries firm at previous prices.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 29.—The Subscription Agent reports the sale of $5,712,000 of 5-20's on Thursday, the largest sale yet made in any one day. One Boston house took over $2,000,000. At this rate of sales the amount remaining unsold will be consumed in six weeks, or less. The ten days' notice which was published some time since only referred to the withdrawal of the loan by the Secretary while the amount authorized was unsold. So little remains that it will probably be left to be exhausted on the principle of first come first served.

PITTSBURGH GENERAL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE COMMERCIAL,
Friday, October 30, 1863.

Business remains dull; the sales made being only in a small way, principally for local purposes. The receipts of produce were light. All good parcels that arrived found ready purchasers at full rates. Our rivers are again falling, with three feet three inches by the metal mark. Every description of produce was firm, with a good demand at current prices. Until we have a rise of water we do not look for much activity. Among the sales made we note the following:

FLOUR.—The stock in first hands is being steadily reduced, the receipts being barely sufficient to meet the wants of the home markets; besides, some of our large operators are shipping some lots to the East. They say they can do better there than in this market. The demand continues for the better grades. Superfine flour is not inquired for. Among the sales were: Extra, 146 bbls from store, in lots, at $5.00@5.75 ₱ bbl; 100 bbls extra fine, $5.75@6.80 ₱ bbl.

CHEESE.—The market was unchanged, but firm. We note sales of 160 boxes, from store, in lots, at 12@13c, these being the ruling figures. Some lots are held higher.

HAY.—The receipts were barely sufficient to meet the wants of consumers. Former prices were well maintained. Sales 18 loads at the scales at $32@35 ₱ ton.

BUTTER.—The market was firm, with a good demand. Sales 750 lbs fresh roll at 22@24c from store.

APPLES.—The supply being about equal to the demand, prices were unsettled. Sales of 166 bbls at $2.75@3.25.

SALT.—The market was firm, but unchanged. We note sales of 120 bbls No 1 at $2.90@2.60 per bbl, from store.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR is coming in slowly. The prices are so steep that but few persons can reach them—$14@4.50 ₱ cwt.

GRAIN—We have no change to notice, either as regards prices or demand for certain descriptions. The demand was quite active.

Barley—At present is decidedly the leading article with large transactions daily transpiring in various parts of the West for this place. The rates are the highest we have reported for many years. We note sales to the extent of 4,500 bushels of Spring $1 30, Fall $1 50 per bushel.

Wheat—Firm with a good demand. Sales 2,000 bushels.

Rye—$1 24@1 25c. An advance.

White—$1 30@1 31.

Corn—Prices still looking up and firm, at a further advanced sum; 2,500 bushels changed hands at $1 06@1 08.

Oats—hold their own. Sales 700 bushels at depot at 75c.

Rye—The market being bare we omit quotations.

GROCERIES—The market was firm with a good demand at the advance we have previously noticed. We omit the rates in the present issue, as they were unchanged.

Feed—Prices still looking up. Holders obtain pretty much any figure they choose to ask.

PITTSBURGH OIL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL,
Wednesday, October 30.

WE scarcely know what to say about this article, as there were no operations, and we are at fault to know how to quote just now. Sellers are plenty, and buyers few. The difference between their views prevent operations, and we do not look for any special movement until after the sales which take place at the Oil Exchange have been closed. The stock in hand is not large, outside of those parcels that were sold, deliverable in October and November. In New York the market was very dull, and prices were lower. Dealers at present do not seem willing to fix any rates. Our latest news from Oil City report a further decline. They are still too high in that region. The only sales were of common oil—prices nominal.

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

ALLEGHENY CITY, October 29.

CATTLE—The market was well supplied during the week—there was a large business transacted—good heavy cattle ruled fully ¼ ₱ lb higher, whilst stock cattle sold at about the same figures as the previous week. The total receipts were about 16 head, a good portion being shipped to the East. The extreme rates were for heavy fat cattle. The number weighed at the scales was 972 head.

HOGS—The market was well supplied, prices generally ruled about ¼ ₱ lb lower, but upon the whole the sales were pretty liberal for the season. The extreme rates were for best description of fat hogs 4½@5¼. Light were ranged from 3½@4½ ₱ lb. The number weighed was 632 head—the balance were shipped East.

SHEEP—The market was bare. The number offered being extremely light, prices ruled higher. The sales made, being at $4@4 20 ₱ cwt. The number weighed was only 582 head.

SALES OF CATTLE.

S. C McCullough sold 20 head Ohio at $15,00 ₱ head.
J. Montgomery sold 20 head Ohio at $270 ₱ cwt.
W. H. McFadden sold 20 head Ohio at $16@18 ₱ head.
J. Crinch sold 21 head Ohio at $17 ₱ head.
R. Graham sold 20 head Ohio at $18 ₱ head.
S. G. Hulings sold 18 head Ohio at $30 ₱ head.
J. Fury sold 10 head Penn at $12 ₱ head.
H. J. Beddell sold 20 head Ohio at $66@16 ₱ hd.
J. B. Johnson sold 20 head Ohio at $20 ₱ head.
S. Burrell sold 35 head Ohio at $18 ₱ head.
G. W. Clarke sold 21 head Ohio at $17 ₱ head.
James Kimer sold 21 head Ohio at $19 ₱ head.
J. A. Ditmars sold 20 head of Ohio at $2@2 50 ₱ cwt.
S. C. McCullough sold 17 head of Ohio at $2 60 ₱ cwt.
Henry Stifler sold 18 head of Ohio at $2@3 ₱ cwt.
A. & J. Shier sold 37 head of Ohio at $3 60 ₱ cwt.
W. Pringle sold 21 head of Ohio at $2@2 50 ₱ cwt.
S. Casterline sold 21 head of Ohio at $3 40 ₱ cwt.
M. Sheeler sold 85 head of Ind. at $3 50 ₱ cwt.
Myers & Bro. sold 75 head of Penn'a at $3@4 50 ₱ cwt.

The same firm shipped East 250 head on Government account.

SALES OF HOGS.

G. H. Kilgore sold 73 head at 4½ ₱ lb.
J. H. Roney sold 110 head at 3½ ₱ lb.
J. H. Roney sold 0 head at 4½ ₱ lb.
J. Gilchrist sold 180 head extra at 5¼@5½ ₱ lb.
George Emerick retailed 200 head at 4@5¾ ₱ lb.
W. J. Lafferty retailed 150 head at 4@5¼ ₱ lb.
W. J. Lafferty retailed 200 head at 3½@4¾ ₱ lb.

The latter were Pennsylvania Hogs.

Holmes & Glass bought the following parcels—219 head at 4½ ₱ lb; 85 head at 4¾ ₱ lb; 88 head at 4½ ₱ lb; 45 head at 3¾ ₱ lb; 107 head at 4½ ₱ lb; 160 head at 4½@4¾ ₱ lb. Sales of various lots amounting to 718 head at prices ranging from 3½@5 ₱ lb, according to quality.

SALES OF SHEEP.

J. Berry sold 380 head of choice at $4 20 ₱ cwt.
J. Needy sold 180 head of choice at $4 00 ₱ cwt.

Wool in Michigan.

Buyers have used extra exertions during the week to gather in wool. The prices generally offered have been from 70 to 73c, and most of the wool taken at these prices has been rather rough lots. Some nice, fine wool was brought to Niles and taken home by the growers, as 70@81c was the limit of the buyers in that market. The following prices are offered:

Niles	65@71c	Albion	70@73c
Dowagiac	69@70c	Jackson	70@75c
Decatur	65@70c	Grass Lake	70c
Lawton	65@70c	Chelsea	70@72c
Kalamazoo	65@70c	Dexter	70@75c
Battle Creek	65@70c	Ann Arbor	70@75c
Marshall	70@73c	Ypsilanti	70@75c

We feel assured that at several of the above-named places, where a lower figure is quoted, 75c is paid "under the rose."—*Detroit Advertiser.*

Liverpool Cotton Market.—Oct. 17.

(Per Canada.)

Consols closed on Friday at 93@93¼ for money. The bullion in the Bank of England had decreased £285,000. The Breadstuffs market was quiet, but steady. The Brokers' Cotton Circular reports the sales of the week at 132,000 bales, of which 62,000 were taken by speculators, and 24,590 bales to exporters. The market had been excited, and prices had advanced 1d for American, and 1½d@2d for others on the week, closing quiet, and the full advance barely maintained. The sales on Friday were 8,000 bales, including 4,000 bales to speculators and exporters, the market closing quiet.

HOGS AT CINCINNATI.—The first hogs of the season, 1,400 head, were packed on Saturday. They were cut on drover's account. They were in fine order. The same house will cut another lot to-day. We hear of no sales as yet; sellers ask $6, and the probability is they will succeed in realizing this figure, though packers are thus far backward, regarding the prospects for a favorable outcome of investments at the high prices asked as discouraging. The weather just now is favorable.

PROVIDENCE.—Wool: Market firm; the sales for the week have been: 47,655 lbs. fleece at 75@80c.; 7,000 lbs. pulled at 75@80c.; 22,600 lbs. foreign at 35@42½c. Printing Cloths—Market very dull; the following are the sales for the week: 5,000 pieces 64x24, 17c.; 6,000 do. do. 16½c.; 10,000 do. do. 19½c., light; 8,500 do. do., private terms—29,500 pieces.

THE Russian Admiral has decided to accept an invitation to visit Rhode Island.

WM. W. STORY thinks ancient Rome had four millions of inhabitants.

RIVER MATTERS.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF STEAMBOATS.

ARRIVED.

Franklin.....Bennett.....Brownsville.
Gallatin.....Clarke.....Brownsville.
Jas. Reese.....Peebles.....Elizabeth.

DEPARTED.

Gallatin.....Clarke.....Brownsville.
Franklin.....Bennett.....Brownsville.
Jas. Reese.....Peebles.....Elizabeth.

THE RIVER.—Last evening at twilight there were three feet three inches water and falling slowly. The weather was pleasant.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh R. R.—Oct. 29.—S B Floyd & Co, 221 sks corn; J Herbert, 30 bbls apples; A Simmons, 126 do do; Cooper & Brother, 6 bxs coffee; J Rhodes, 10 bgs barley, 13 and 1 ale bbls, 1 half do, 1 ale keg; A Lifler, 7 sks onions, 3 do beans; D McDonald, 5 bbls apples, 9 sks potatoes; P McKelvey, 5 bbls cider, 1 bbl beans; L H Voigt, 134 bbls apples; D Fawcett, 6 ale bbls; W Stewart, 9 pcs stove, 1 bx glass; T A Atkinson, 10 bbls flour, 19 sks potatoes; Shriver & Lazier, 25 bxs candles, 10 do soap; Graham & Thomas, 15 bxs soap; McWhinney & Hare, 14 bls felloes, 3 do shafts; N Angel, 14 bbls g apples; T P Hunter, 4 bxs sundries, 1 lot hs'd goods; W McKim, 1 bbl sundries; Hemphill & Reesberger, 8 bls shafts; Shumaker & Lang, 8 bbls barley; J Daub, 3 bbls barley; G Thum 5 bbls beans; Merrill & Griffith, 4 kgs butter; W P Beck & Co, 9 bbls apples, 1 keg do, 4 bbls potatoes; Pitts. Sanitary Com, 1 bx sundries; Lippencott & Co, 1 bbl vinegar, 7 kgs herring; McClelland & Davis, 40 sks potatoes; Beahen & Patton, 1 bbl cider; F Van Gorder, 5 bbls g apples; J Lanner, 40 bgs potatoes; M & Shannon, 12 sks potatoes, 6 bbls apples, 2 bbls flour, 2 kgs apple butter.

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. R.—Oct. 29.—I Kirkpatrick, 1 pkg leather; King, Pennock & Co, 21 bales cotton; F Sellers, 24 bbls lard; Campbell & Hutchinson, 57 bbls cider; B L Lahnestock, 7 kg, 1 bx drugs; J R Hunter 2 bbls; Little & Trimble, 45 bxs cheese; Kirkpatrick & Bro, 1 half kg tobacco; J Billus, 1 car corn and oats; H H Collins, 11 oil bbls; J Raley, 1 bdl flags, 1 car staves; White & Bros, 102 bags potatoes; Z Wainright, 7 half bbls; M'Swiggen & Co, 4 kgs; Clay & Mosholn, 1 car fire clay; L H Voight, 31 bbls apples; Frann Moore, 1 bbl apples; Hostetter & Smith, 1 bx; Rea & Kiel, 10 bbls apples; Bryce, Richards & Co, 1 bbl; Kaiser 5 bbls cider; J S Seyborn, 4 bbls potatoes, 4 do apples; C Holstein, 4 bbls do, 5 do do; J C Nelson, 4 bbls do, 2 do do; W H Harrison, 177 bags.

Allegheny Valley Railroad.—October 29.—Harrison & Bro; 1 car stove; M'Quade and Miller, 1 sack wool; Penn Salt Co, 40 bbls Ref Oil, 1 mail bag; Gillespie, 1 tool chest; Burk & Co, 1 car salt; Jas Montworth, 10 bbls apples; A Williams, 1 hide, 1 box tumings, 2 coops; J M'D Cross, 1 hide, 6 cans, 6 baskets, 2 boxes; Knox & Co, 83 bbls ref oil; Shaffer, 10 sacks potatoes; Jas Martin, 45 sacks wheat; S Barclay, 12 sacks potatoes; Luckhart & Fren, 127 bbls ref oil; N Amer Oil Co, 64 bbls ref oil Lewis Co Oil Co, 189 bbls ref oil, 52 pitch; M Steel & Co, 2 cars lumber; R L Brown & Co, 1 car iron; Watt & Wilson, 46 bags flour; Jas Musgrove, 1 bbl, 1 bag; J Henderson & Bro, 2 empty oil barrels; M'Kee, 45 bush potatoes; Chas Voigt, 1 lot sundries.

Pittsburgh, Columbus and Cincin. RR.—Oct. 29.—Thos Arbuckle & Co, 20 bales cotton; J S Liggett, 240 bgs wheat; Wm McCutcheon, 32 bbls flour; W & D Rinehart, 7 hhds tobacco.

Important to Farmers.

We extract the following from the New York *Tribune*, it will no doubt be read with interest by our farmers:

HOW TO CHOOSE ANIMALS FOR FATTENING.—As this is the season when farmers are choosing animals for fattening, perhaps some of them will be willing to hear what we have learned by a long experience among the bovines.

We would never select an animal, particularly of the bovine race, to fatten, which had a long, narrow, contracted skull, particularly if the horns were puny, or abruptly bent, because such an animal is apt to be wild, and to have a weak constitution, and will not fatten like one with a broad face, with a full, capacious skull, with strong, evenly bent horns, with a neck thick at the face, and a wide throat; for such an animal has a strong nervous system, and always a good appetite, and not being wild will take on fat rapidly, and by its naturally quiet habits, will retain it easily. An animal to fatten well must have a capacious chest. To bear transportation, it must have a strong constitution, and this is indicated by its strongly built form—its good back, loins and legs. Recollect that some men never grow fat. Some bullocks are just so; their nervous temperament wont allow them to take on fat half as fast as some others. Hence the phrase "aptitude to fatten."

This should be studied, and then people would try to select such as have that aptitude, the first index of which will be seen in the head. If that is not good don't buy the animal, no matter how cheap it may appear. A slender-headed cow, with slim neck and puny horns may be a good milker, but you may be sure of a hard job when you try to fatten her for beef. The whole Alderney breed is proof of this. When other characteristics, at first view, appear favorable, look in the eyes. If they are small, deep-sunken, or dull, or staring, dark, and fiery, let that animall pass, and take one with large, open, mild eyes, with plenty of loose skin hanging from the chin, with a large muzzle, and open nostrils. Avoid sl

The Daily Commercial.

EARTHQUAKES IN ENGLAND.—The shock of an earthquake, more or less severe, was felt in all parts of England at about twenty-two minutes past three o'clock on the morning of the 6th instant. At some places the shock is represented as having been quite severe, and accompanied by a loud, rumbling report, while at others it was slight and without noise. No damage was sustained anywhere.

The London *Times*, of the 7th, devotes three of its extended columns to reports of the "affair." One writer says: "It shook wardrobes and washstands in my room, and lasted some seconds. The undulatory motion was from East to West." Another writes: "My bed shook violently, the windows rattled, the furniture shivered, and the whole house, which is usually as firm as a rock, quivered from the bottom to the top. My man, who sleeps in a distant part of the house, tells me that the silver was rattling for some time. It appeared as if a sound of a heavy explosion beneath the cellars accompanied the second shock, but that may have been a delusion."

From Worcester a correspondent writes: "The shock was of so violent a nature as to awaken people from their sleep, and to rattle chairs, glass and furniture audibly. It is described by some persons who were awake at the time as having been accompanied by a rumbling noise, while others say they were awoke by what appeared to be an explosion. At Great Malvern the windows of the Imperial Hotel—a very large and massive building at the foot of the Malvern Hills—were violently rattled, and it is said that one of the railway signals was displaced. Servants ran down stairs in affright, and general consternation appears to have been felt.

"In the town of Dudley the shock was most severely felt, beds being violently shaken, and in some instances doors broken open, crockery ware broken and clocks stopped. In detached buildings in various parts of the town the effect is described as being most terrifying. The shock was followed by a rumbling sound, similar to what would be experienced by persons sleeping immediately over a tunnel as trains were passing. Many inhabitants left their beds and congregated in the streets, discussing the extraordinary phenomenon." The Manchester Guardian says of the shock in the Midland counties: "A policeman on duty in a suburb of Wolverhampton says that although the air was perfectly calm, the surrounding trees were shaken and their leaves rustled. He was also much alarmed at seeing a wall vibrating near him. Wrottesley Hall, the seat of Lord Wrottesley, was shaken throughout and the inmates alarmed. This was also the case at Teddesley, the residence of Lord Hatherton. In game preserves pheasants were observed to become alarmed as they usually are during the raging of a thunder storm. As a rule, watch dogs were not aroused, but there were cases in which they barked loudly. At Stourbridge, some bottles containing sweetmeats were shaken from a shelf in a shop window; and at Kinver, in the same neighborhood, the bells in a house near the church were set ringing."

A SOLDIER OF COL. SHAW'S REGIMENT.—At a meeting in Shiloh Church (Rev. HENRY H. GARNETT'S), on Sunday evening of last week, a Sergeant of the Fifty-fourth Massachusetts regiment, colored, giving an account of the assault of Fort Wagner, said:

"On that afternoon the Colonel addressed the men, and told them what he wanted them to do. Then he said: 'Men, are you ready for this work?' And they, worn out as they were by their long march, exposure and want of food and rest—for they had only had some crackers and but a few hours' sleep since the fight on Gaines Island, nearly three days before—replied, with a shout, 'Yes, Colonel we are ready.'

"A superior officer proposed that their canteens should be filled with whisky, but the Colonel said: 'Let no man touch a drop of liquor. I want sober men for the work before us, and, if you fall, I want you to die sober.' So, without food, or drink, they marched to the assault, and there was not a man in the whole regiment that would not have laid down his life for the Colonel."

DIDN'T GET MUCH INFORMATION.—The Committee from Cincinnati to escort General Rosecrans home met Secretary Stanton at Louisville, and it being the impression of some of the members that he might, perhaps, throw some light on the subject of General Rosecrans' removal, an interview was sought during the morning and obtained. The Secretary received them very cordially, and assured them that he was very glad to see them.

"You have had an election in Ohio, have you not?" inquired Mr. Stanton.

"It appears that we have," responded the delegation. "The copperheads seem to know it, any way."

The Secretary smiled a feeble smile and relapsed into silence. The chairman of the delegation seized the opportunity of informing the Secretary that they were there to receive Gen. Rosecrans, stating that in his opinion the long absence of the General from his home, and the brilliant character of his campaign with the Army of the Cumberland, entitled him to expect a reception, commensurate with the vast importance of the service he had rendered his country.

"Yes, he's been away a long time," replied the Secretary, and relapsed into silence again. This was the sum total of the information they were able to extort.

BAD FOR PUBLISHERS.—The book publishers of Boston are in a peck of troubles. Labor is scarce, and though the laborer is worthy of his hire (which is higher than ever before), he won't come to take it, but insists upon going off to the war, or living upon his money, or doing something to keep himself out of the ordinary channels of mechanical industry. All departments of business hereabouts suffer from this lack of hands, but none of them are more seriously incommoded than the publishers. The book-binderies are so overdriven with work that their owners can't fulfill contracts with any degree of punctuality, and it is related that in one of the largest of these establishments there are now forty thousand volumes of new books in sheets which await their bindings—in other words, a sort of destitute and shivering colony of authors' children without the outer clothing which entitles them to enter good society. Printers are needed in the book-printing offices; but book-binders and book-finishers are still more loudly called for and more seriously wanted. One publishing house here has five or six new books quarantined in its bindery, with no immediate prospect of getting them out.—*Cor. N. Y. Post.*

JOB KELLER.—This notorious robber, with five of his fellows, was captured on the 17th inst., near Sharpsburg, by the 71st Indiana, and subsequently shot by William Watkins. On the previous Thursday, as we learn from the Paris *Citizen*, the gang were in Flat Rock and robbed Mr. Alexander Evans of about $400, Watkins of $350 and a horse, and Mr. Louis Earlywine of $180 and all his wife's jewelry. While taking the dog down in Flat Rock, Keller told Watkins that he was the man who killed Wileman, and that he had come to kill him, but as he was a pretty clever fellow he would not do it this time, but said if ever another Union flag was put up in Flat Rock he would kill him and Evans. The soldiers who made the capture, not being acquainted with the country, took with them Mr. Wm. Fox, of Flat Rock, who, it is thought, was mainly instrumental in securing success. A man named Jones, from the neighborhood of North Middletown, and one of the Cheshires from Paris, were among the captured.—*Louisville Journal.*

THE BURIED PAST.—On the French coast, near the mouth of the Garonne, a town has been discovered, buried in the sand. A place of worship has already been excavated. Its plan shows it to have been built near the close of the Roman Empire. It is embellished with paintings, which, with its sculptured choir and capitals, are profusely adorned, and have attracted numerous visitors. It is believed that it is one of the cities described by Pliny and Strabo. The Emperor Napoleon having purchased a portion of old Rome from a large scale. Already public and private buildings, coins, plate, carvings and statues have been released from the debris of centuries, which overwhelmed and hid them. The latest discovery, on the spot where Constantine defeated Maxentius (that is near Cremera, outside the Porto del Popoto), is a villa, believed to have belonged to Calphurnia, Cæsar's wife. One of the conduit pipes bears Calphurnias' name.

DEATH OF A PATRIARCH.—John P. Miller, of Hempfield township, Westmoreland county, died on the 15th inst., aged 98 years and two days. He had eleven children, eighty grand-children, one hundred and eighty-six great grand-children, four great great grand-children, and two hundred and eighty-one descendants. Seven of his children are yet living, and one, aged seventy years, was present at his funeral.

COMMERCIAL.

CINCINNATI TOBACCO MARKET.—Sales of Leaf Tobacco by Morris & Chalfant were 42 hhds Mason county leaf and lugs, viz: 1 at $6 10; 5 at 7@7 95; 4 at $8 55@8 75; 3 at $9@9 50; 3 at $10@10 75; 5 at $12 25@12 75; 3 at $13@13 50; 8 at $14@14 75; 3 at $15 25@15 75; 1 at $16; 2 at $17 50@17 75; 3 at $18@18 50; 1 at $24 50.

ST. LOUIS TOBACCO MARKET.—Market continues active, and prices remain firm for all grades. The breaks, at both City and State Warehouse, consist of 57 hhds.; sales including 2 hhds scraps at $2 50 each; 1 do factory lugs at $6 85; 13 do planter's do at $7 15@10; 4 do common shipping leaf at $11 90@14 10; 12 do medium do do at $14 50@17 50; 6 do good and fine do do at $18 75@21 75; 6 do medium manufacturing leaf at $19 10@25; 1 do fine do do at $77; 12 do bids rejected; 1 wagon load, loose, at $9 35.

PHILADELPHIA METAL MARKET.—Iron continues excited and on the advance, with very little doing in the way of sales for the want of stock, the makers of Pig metal generally being sold up, and prices are firm at $37@38 for No. 1; $36@37 for No. 2, and $35@36 for No. 3, cash, with very little to be had at these rates, although sales of No. 1 are reported for future delivery at the highest figures. Scotch Pig is wanted, but there is none offering. Blooms and Boiler plates are also scarce and high. For Manufactured Iron the demand continues very active and prices are firm and on the advance; some of the mills are getting 5 @ cent. more for shape Iron.

St. Louis Grain Market.

Flour—Market opened and closed dull, no change in prices having taken place. Sales this morning consist of 1,010 barrels, including 100 bbls superfine at $4.50; 160 do choice do at $4.75; 75 do do do at $4.70 delivered; 125 do choice single extra at $5.25; 500 do city do do at $5.50 at mill; 50 do double extra at $6.50.

Wheat—The market opened dull and drooping; still there is no perceptible change in prices. Sales consist of 2,763 sks, including 315 sks fair, in lots, at $1.10; 1,096 do prime, do do, at $1.15, $1.17 and $1.20; 315 do choice, do do, at $1.25 and $1.30; 1,040 do extra choice do do at $1.32 and $1.35.

Corn—Opened quite active, and prices were somewhat firmer, with sales consisting of 2,048 sacks, comprising 150 sks yellow at 96c; 1,598 do yellow and mixed, in lots, at 97c; 300 do white and mixed, do do, at 98c.

Oats—Market opened active, and prices were firmer than they were Saturday, with sales consisting of 3000 sks, in various lots, at 82c.

Rye—Active and firm, with sales of 16 sks at $1.10, sks returned.

Barley—Market for choice fall firm and unchanged; spring and inferior lots of fall dull and drooping. Sales consist of 203 sks, including 43 sks spring prime, at $1.40; 138 do fall do at $1.45; 22 do choice at $1.70.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 29, 1863.

Coffee—Sales are confined to small lots of Rio at 32¼@33½c ℔ lb, as to quality. No stock of other descriptions.

Flour—There was a fair inquiry on Change for good brands of Super both for shipment and home consumption, but transactions in Extra Flour were very limited. Prices close steady for all grades as follows:

Howard St. Super and Cut Ex.....$6,25 @6,37½
" " Shipping Ex..... 7,12½@8,00

Grain—At the Corn Exchange this morning the offerings of Grain amounted to 34,000 bushels, viz:—19,000 bush Wheat, 8,000 do Corn, and 7,000 do Oats. The bulk of the Wheat received was tough and ordinary red, which sold very slowly. Transactions comprised 2000 bus prime Kentucky white at $1 95c; 2,500 bus good to strictly prime Southern do at $1 90@2; 3,000 bush medium to fair do at $1 75@1 85; 2,000 bush damaged and common do at $1 50@1 65; 3,000 bush good to prime Southern red at $1 58@1 63, a lot of 900 bushels bringing the extreme prices; 2,000 bush fair do at $1 50@1 55; 3,000 bush inferior and damaged do at $1 40@1 48. Corn under a fair inquiry ruled firm. Sales of 2,000 bush new white at 98c@$1; 3,000 bush fair to prime old do at $1 05@1 07; 5,000 bush damaged yellow at $1 03, and 3,000 bush fair to prime do in small lots at $1 05@1 08c per bushel. Prime Oats were held higher, but damaged parcels were also unsaleable. Sales of 5,000 bush Pennsylvania at 82@85c, weight, and 3,000 bush fair to prime Maryland at 65@68c measure. The only lot of Rye at market, 50 bush Maryland brought $1 32.

Molasses—Stock light but equal to demand. Clayed Cuba we quote at 45@50c, Muscovado at 50@55cts; English Island at 59@65c, and Porto Rico at 60@65c per gallon.

Sugars—Business is confined to Grocery grades, which move slowly. Prices close as follows, viz: Cuba and E. I., common to good refining, $11 50@12; do do grocery, $12 00@12 50; do do prime grocery, $12 75; Porto Rico, common to good grocery, $12 50@13; Porto Rico, prime to choice grocery, $13 25@13 75.

Tobacco—Market very dull. Ohio nominal at 62c.

New York Cattle Market.

TRIBUNE REPORT.

THE CLOSE OF THE MARKET.

Tuesday, Oct. 27.—This morning the weather, though not warm, is more mild than yesterday, and will somewhat affect the disposition of wholesale butchers, but the supply of fresh cattle this morning is not large enough to break down the market as it was last Tuesday—leaving at least 600 head unsold. On the contrary all the fresh and stale stock will be absorbed this week, leaving a clear field for next Monday, and the sales of those that came in this morning are reported as full as good prices as yesterday, and were all closed out at an early hour. We make the average of the market this week at 31c ℔ lb, which is a cent higher than last week, because there are no such low sales as then to reduce the general average. Several farmers were in market looking for very low priced steers, which they failed to find. The cheap butchers outbid them every time.

THE SHEEP MARKET.

Receipts this week, 17,952.

The market opened on Monday morning in Sixth street with a very liberal supply of Sheep and Lambs, and a larger proportion of Sheep than usual, and those of better quality than we have seen for a long time, and we have not seen as sharp a market this season. The salesmen were remarkably independent. They named their pricy, and "take 'em or leave 'em" was the word. Some large Canada Sheep sold at prices estimated by sellers at over 6c ℔ lb, live weight, and by buyers at 6¼@6¼c ℔ lb. Some lots were sold at $7@7.50@7.62½ each. During the week some lots sold by weight at 6¼c per lb. The anxiety of buyers is mainly owing to the expected advance upon pelts at the next monthly contract. The weather, too, was very favorable, being dry and clear, and the coldest of the season, ice having formed, for the first time, on Sunday night. The wholesale meat market was hard on the butchers on Saturday, but owing to the change in temperature they seemed disposed to trust their chances freely on Monday morning. At least they soon cleared the market of stock. There was a large supply at Albany, but owing to the warm, wet weather on Saturday, owners were afraid to send it forward freely.

Butchers complain that nearly all the business in Sixth street is in the hands of two brokers; that no drovers or farmers are ever seen in market selling their own sheep. The reason is they cannot afford it. The brokers sell on credit, and get more for owners than they would get by saving the commission, which, by the by, is the smallest per centage of any produce business in New York. Fortunately for butchers, there is no unity of feeling between the brokers to tempt them to combine to put up prices. They act entirely independent of each other, so that when such an advance occurs as in the present market, it has a legitimate cause. Sales in the wholesale meat market yesterday and to-day have been at good paying prices.

HOG MARKET.

Receipts this week, 20,624.

Quotations. $4 25@6 62½ ℔ cwt., live weight, for corn-fed hogs, and $5@5 12½ for distillery-fed are the quotations given by Henry D. Grant, Superintendent of the market. Monday morning was the coolest of the season, and had a favorable tendency upon the business, which moved lively, but not enough to clear the very large receipts. To-day they are lighter, and first-class hogs are selling at quotations as fast as they arrive, the weather continuing cool. Light, thin hogs, which show no signs of ever having eaten corn, are a drug, and sell slow at the lowest rate quoted.

Geo. W. Dorman, gives the following as the prices of hogs this week:

	Live weight.	Dead weight.
First quality, corn-fed, large.	5½@5¾c	6⅞@7⅛c
Second quality, corn-fed.....	5 @5¼c	6¼@6½c
First quality, small, fat and prime, for market butchers	4¾@5¼c	6¼@6⅝c
Large size still-fed, fat.....	5¼@—	6½@—
Second quality still-fed.....	5 @—	6¼@—
Grass and Western fed.....	4 @4½c	5 @6¼c

FINANCIAL.

N. HOLMES & SONS,

DEALERS IN
FOREIGN and DOMESTIC
BILLS OF EXCHANGE,
CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT
BANK NOTES AND SPECIE,
No. 57 MARKET STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
☞ COLLECTIONS made on all the principal cities throughout the United States. se7

GOLD, SILVER.

PITTSBURGH & FORT WAYNE,
AND
PITTSBURGH AND CLEVELAND
Railroad Stocks, Bought at Highest Rates, by
JAMES O'CONNOR,
Office, Bagaley's Building, cor. MARKET and WATER streets. se7

FARMERS' DEPOSIT BANKING CO.
BANK OF DEPOSIT AND DISCOUNT,
Par and Current Funds Received on Deposit.

THE UNDERSIGNED STOCKHOLDERS are individually responsible to depositors to the whole extent of their private means:

JAMES MARSHALL,	WILLIAM YOUNG,
JOHN SCOTT,	JACOB PAINTER,
WILLIAM WALKER,	WILLIAM CARR,
SAMUEL GEORGE,	S. B. ROBISON,
THOMAS MELLON,	THOMAS SCOTT,
ROBERT BELL,	JOSEPH LOVE,
JOHN M'DEVITT,	D. A. STEWART,
JOHN FLOYD,	D. R. GALWAY,
HAY WALKER,	W. W. M'GREGOR,
JOHN S. DILWORTH.	

JAMES MARSHALL, President.
R. A. GEORGE, Cashier.

GERMAN TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK.
Corner of Sixth and Wood Sts.

BANK OF DISCOUNT, DEPOSIT AND EXCHANGE.

REPRESENTED CAPITAL, $2,000,000.

Stockholders individually liable to the extent of their private means.

Gold, Silver and Currency bought at best market rates.

Drafts on Germany and other foreign countries, and on all the principal cities in the United States bought and sold.

Collections made on all accessable points and proceeds promptly remitted at current rates of exchange.

Deposits received and interest allowed upon time deposits as per agreement.

Banks, Bankers, Business Firms and others doing business with us will find their orders promptly executed, and their interest at all times carefully consulted.

Bank open from 9 o'clock a. m. to 3 p. m.
GEO. A. ENDLY, Cashier.
A. HOEVELER, President. se21

THE FIRST
NATIONAL BANK
OF PITTSBURGH, PA.
(LATE PITTSBURGH TRUST COMPANY.)
Capital, $400,000, with privilege to Increase to $1,000,000.

The Pittsburgh Trust Company having organized under the act to provide a National Currency, under the title of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, would respectfully offer its services for the collection of Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, &c.; receive money on deposit, and buy and sell Exchange on all parts of the country.

The success which has attended the Pittsburgh Trust Company since its organization in 1852, will, we believe, be a sufficient guarantee that business entrusted to the new organization will receive the same prompt attention.

Having a very extensive correspondence with Banks and Bankers throughout the country, we believe we can offer unusual facilities to those who do business with us.

The business will be conducted by the same officers and directors.

DIRECTORS:

JAMES LAUGHLIN,	ALEX. SPEER,
ROBERT S. HAYS,	F. C. HALEY,
THOMAS BELL,	ALEX. BRADLEY,
THOS. WIGHTMAN,	SAMUEL REA,
WM. K. NIMICK.	

JAMES LAUGHLIN, Pres't.
se7 JOHN D. SCULLY, Cash'r.

DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 110 SMITHFIELD street, (opposite the Custom House).
Chartered by the Legislature.

OFFICERS:
President—JAMES PARK, Jr.,
VICE-PRESIDENTS,

WM. H. SMITH,	H. F. RUDD,
JOHN F. JENNINGS,	A. REINEMAN,
THOS. D. MESSLER,	JOSHUA RHODES,
THOS. S. BLAIR,	JACOB STUCKRATH,
FRANCIS SELLERS,	ALEX. BRADLEY,
HENRY LLOYD,	ALFRED BLACK.

TRUSTEES:

JOSIAH KING,	C. W. RICKETSON,
A. S. BELL,	S. H. HARTMAN,
S. S. FOWLER,	R. J. ANDERSON,
J. W. WOODWELL,	D. E. M'KINLEY,
F. RAHM,	C. H. WOLFF,
J. M. TIERNAN,	R. D. COCHRAN,
D. M. LONG,	Wm. SMITH,
JAS. W. BAXTER,	G. B. JONES,
C. ZUG,	B. F. JONES,
JOS. DILWORTH,	W. H. PHELPS,
W. A. REED,	C. B. HERRON,
R. C. SCHMERTZ,	W. IHMSEN.

D. E. M'KINLEY,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Open daily, from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m. Also, TUESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Deposits received of ONE DIME and upwards.

Dividends declared in December and June of each year.

Dividends allowed to remain are placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bear interest, thus compounding it.

Books containing Charter, By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

☞ This institution offers, especially to those persons whose earnings are small, the opportunity to accumulate, by small deposits, easily saved, a sum which will be a resource when needed, their money not only being safe, but bearing interest, instead of remaining unproductive. se7

COTTON FACTORIES.

KING & PENNOCK,
Manufacturers of EAGLE and NIAGARA
SHEETINGS,
COTTON YARN, TWINE, WICK, BATTING, &c. &c.
Warehouse, No. 29 WOOD Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA. se16

BANNER COTTON MILLS,
PARK, PAINTER & CO.,
Warehouse No. 149 FIRST and 120 SECOND streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

4-4 Brown Sheeting, Carpet Chain of all colors, Candlewick, Batting and Twine. se9

PORK PACKERS.

F. SELLERS.....R. OWENS.....C. A. R. BENNEY.
F. SELLERS & CO.,
PORK PACKERS,
Curers of Extra Sugar Cured Hams,
AND MANUFACTURERS OF
LARD OIL,
No. 354 Penn street,
Opposite Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Depot,
oc15:1m PITTSBURGH, Pa.

STEAM DENTAL ESTABLISHMENT. The Largest in the West is
Dr. G. W. SPENCER'S,
254 PENN STREET,
The place where you will get the best and cheapest Dentristy in the city. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine the largest assortment of Teeth ever brought to the city of Pittsburgh, thus enabling patients to make their own selections. Remember, I make no Four or Five Dollar Sets of Teeth. I make nothing but the best ARTIFICIAL TEETH in the world, and at a price within the reach of everybody.

Every operation warranted comfortable and to render good service.

Teeth extracted without pain by the only known process.

Call at No. 254 PENN STREET, and select a set of Teeth that suit your taste, and have them mounted and warranted to please and give perfect satisfaction.

N. B.—A new Book of 150 pages, entitled the FAMILY GUIDE, on the Care and Preservation of the Teeth, by G. W. SPENCER, beautifully illustrated, is in press, and will shortly appear. Price, FIFTY CENTS.

FRANK CASE, Book and Periodical Depot,
se7 Chronicle Building, General Agent.

C. LEGAB & O. HELMOLD,

MANUFACTURERS OF
ARIFICIAL ARMS AND LEGS,
No. 96 Smithfield street,
oc19 PITTSBURGH, PA.

WINDOW GLASS.—4000 boxes assorted sizes Crystal Window Glass, in store and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON. [oc19

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHN FLACK,
STEAMBOAT AGENT,
Office second story No. 90 WATER street,
se9 Pittsburgh.

H. C. MACKRELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
No. 114 FIFTH street, Pittsburgh. [se8:1y

JAMES IRWIN,
Manufacturer of
OIL OF VITRIOL AND AQUA AMMONIA.
Orders left at John Porterfield and Co.'s office, corner of Market and First street, will receive prompt attention. se8

E. S. MORROW,
ALDERMAN AND CONVEYANCER,
N. E. CORNER FIFTH AND GRANT.
se9

ANDREW HUMBERT,
ALDERMAN
AND
POLICE MAGISTRATE,
No. 77 THIRD street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Indentures, Liens, and Articles of Agreement, accurately executed. se7

WM. PICKERSGILL & CO.,
LOOKING GLASS MANUFACTURERS,
No. 48 WOOD Street, between Third and Fourth, Pittsburgh, Pa. se7

T. T. MYLER,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
FANCY AND STAPLE
NOTIONS.
NO. 62 WOOD ST., CORNER OF FOURTH.
se7 Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOHN P. ROBITZER,
ARTIST,
No. 54 FOURTH STREET, PITTSBURGH.
The best and cheapest PHOTOGRAPHIC OIL PAINTINGS executed to order. se22:3m

SCHAUB & M'DONALD'S
SASH AND DOOR FACTORY,
ANDERSON street, near Hand street Bridge,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
Flooring Boards, Sash, Doors, Frames, Venetian Blinds, Mouldings and Panel Shutters made to order and constantly on hand. [se30:1y

SAMUEL REYNOLDS.....ROBERT B. TOWNSEND.
UNION MALLEABLE IRON WORKS.
REYNOLDS & TOWNSEND,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
SADDLERY HARDWARE,
AND
MALLEABLE IRON CASTINGS,
NUTS for Iron Axles, and CASTINGS for Agricultural Machinery, &c., &c. made to order.
Warehouse: 181 Liberty street,
five doors above St. Clair street,
se18:2m *PITTSBURGH.*

CHRIST. LAPPE.
KEYSTONE TANNERY,
Corner of Chestnut and O'Hara streets,
se28:6m *ALLEGHENY CITY.*

PATTERSON'S BAZAAR
LIVERY AND SALE STABLES.
W. S. JACKSON,
117 Fourth St., Near Smithfield,
1e8 PITTSBURGH, PA.

BROWN, MORROW & CO.,
House, Sign and Ornamental Painters,
Grainers and Glaziers,
No. 91 Third street,
sel6 *PITTSBURGH, PA.*

J. REICHENBACH,
MANUFACTURER OF
ARTIFICIAL ARMS AND LEGS.
The lightest leg known weighs 4½ pounds,—mine is reduced to 2½ pounds.
I have always on hand a stock of
TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS
and all articles in my line.
Those in need of such articles should not forget to call at
No. 58 Fourth street,
se21:1y *PITTSBURGH.*

F. W. NEUBERT,
MANUFACTURER OF
ARTIFICIAL ARMS AND LEGS.
Also, all kinds of
Trusses, Supporters & Shoulder Braces
Machines for Deformities of every description made to order. TRUSSES carefully repaired.
169 Smithfield street,
se18:1y *PITTSBURGH.*

PRINTING.

W. S. HAVEN
PLAIN & FANCY JOB PRINTER,
Paper Dealer and Stationer,
Corner Wood and Third Streets,
PITTSBURGH.
Book Binding, of all Styles,
From the Plain Paper to the Highly Ornamental and Rich Gilt or Antique Style.
se7

PIANOS.

H. KLEBER & BRO.,
SOLE AGENTS FOR
STEINWAY & SON'S PIANOS,
CARHART & NEEDHAM'S
MELODEONS AND HARMONIUMS,
Music and Musical Merchandise of Every Description.
No. 53 FIFTH Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
se7

DRY GOODS.

W. SHACKLETT.....J. M'LAIN.....J. AUDAY.
SHACKLETT, M'LAIN & AUDAY,
Wholesale Dealers in Foreign and Domestic
DRY GOODS,
No. 43 Wood street,
Opposite St. Charles Hotel, Pittsburgh. [se25:6w

J. A. WILSON....J. W. CARR....D. M'CANDLESS.
WILSON, CARR & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Payne & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS,
No. 94 Wood street,
Third house above Diamond alley,
se25 *PITTSBURGH.*

NEW GOODS, NEW GOODS.
JUST OPENING, OUR FALL AND WINTER STOCK. Having completed our improvements, we would call the attention of our customers and the public, to our stock at the Old Stand, No. 96 MARKET STREET, between Fifth street and the Diamond.
oc8 H. J. LYNCH.

NEW AND SEASONABLE
DRY GOODS.
M. MENTZER.
No. 94 Market street,
Has just received an elegant stock of the most
Improved Seasonable Dry Goods,
including
SILKS, DELAINES, MERINOS,
and all the most fashionable goods in the market. Also, a large supply of
DOMESTICS
and
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.
oc22:3m

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.
WM. STEINACHER,
DEALER IN
CIGARS, TOBACCO, &c.,
se21:1y No. 56 Market st., Pittsburgh.

BABBIT'S NEW YORK SOAP.—Genuine Womans' Friend Soap. 50 boxes of each, in store, and for sale by
oc1 MILLER & RICKETSON.

LOVERING'S SUGARS—CRUSHED, COARSE, &c.—100 bbls fine pulverized and refined Coffee Sugars, on hand and for sale by
oc1 MILLER & RICKETSON.

MEDICAL.

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED
STOMACH
BITTERS.

HEAR THE WITNESSES.

WORTHLESS and pernicious articles are so often bolstered up in the advertising columns of the press by fabricated letters that the proprietors of

HOSTETTER'S BITTTERS

Rarely give quotations from their business correspondence, lest the GENUINE OPINIONS of those who use and appreciate a GENUINE ARTICLE, should be confounded by the unthinking with the FULSOME RIGMAROLE put into the mouths of MEN OF STRAW by unscrupulous empirics and charlatans, whose double object is to SELL both their trash and the PUBLIC.

Believing, however, that FACTS IMPORTANT TO THE HEALTH AND COMFORT OF THE PUBLIC, and which can be VERIFIED AT ANY MOMENT by addressing the parties who vouch for them, ought not to be hid under a bushel, the undersigned publish below a few communications of recent date, to which they invite the attention of the people, and at the same time ESPECIALLY REQUEST all readers who may feel interested in the subject to ADDRESS THE INDIVIDUALS THEMSELVES, and ascertain the correctness of the particulars.

It may be thought, perhaps, that a preparation like HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, which has long been a STANDARD TONIC throughout the WESTERN HEMISPHERE, and is rapidly becoming a staple of trade at the antipopes, speaks for itself in stronger tones than private eulogium can speak for it. This is true; but the phases of disease are almost innumerable, and every day new instances of the success of the Bitters, either as a PREVENTIVE or a CURE, come to the knowledge of the proprietors through the mails. Some of these are of immediate interest to thousands placed in precisely the same circumstances as the parties who have been PROTECTED and RELIEVED, and therefore it seems almost an act of duty to put them on record.

The immense increase in the sale of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS, both at home and abroad, during the past year proves that the world, while it obeys the Scriptural injunction to "try all things," only "HOLDS FAST to that which is GOOD." Spurious preparations, like poisonous fungi, are continually springing up, but their character is soon discovered, and they are "flung like worthless weeds" on the other hand, a great antidote that performs all it promises, and even more than its proprietors claimed for it on its introduction, is "not for a day, but for all time."

Every dose administered of a useless or deleterious nostrum helps to disabuse the public mind of the impressions it may have received from the flourish of trumpets with which the deceptious article was announced; while, on the contrary, every bottle sold of a purely valuable medicine secures the permanent custom of the purchaser, and makes him an ADVERTISER OF ITS MERITS among his friends. It is thus that HOSTETTER'S BITTERS have obtained their unparalled popularity. The Press, indeed, has made the GREAT STOMACHIC widely known, but it is the uniformly successful results of PERSONAL EXPERIMENT that have rendered it a HOUSEHOLD MEDICINE through out the length and breadth of the land, and the main reliance of the TRAVELER, the VOYAGER, the MINER and the PIONEER.

During the Summer months, a pure, wholesome tonic, in which are also incorporated the properties of an anti-bilious and mild aperient agent, is especially required. Such a preparation is HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, the surest preventative and cure of dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation, and nervous debility, ever placed within the reach of the community.

Against the depressing and sickening tendency of heat and miasma, it is a potent safeguard, and upon persons of feeble constitution and uncertain health, its renovating effects are most extraordinary.

READ REV W. B. LEE'S LETTER.
BROOKLYN, N. Y., May 28, 1863.

MESSRS. HOSTETTER & SMITH—*Gentlemen*:—I have used your Bitters during the last six weeks and feel it due to you and the public to express my hearty approval of their effect upon me. I never wrote a puff for any one, and I abhor everything that savors of quackery. But your Bitters are entirely removed from the level of the mere nostrums of the day, being parent alike to all, and exactly what they profess to be. They are not advertised to cure everything, but they are recommended to assist nature in the alleviation and the ultimate healing of the most common infirmities of the body, and this they will accomplish. I had been unwell for two months, as is usual with me during the Spring. I was bilious, and suffering from indigestion and a general disease of the mucous membraue, and though compelled to keep at work in the discharge of my professional duties, was very weak, of a yellow complexion, had no appetite and was much of the time confined to my bed. When I had been taking your bitters a week my vigor returned, the sallow complexion was all gone, I relished my food, and now I enjoy the duties of mental application, which so recently were so very irksome and burdensome to me, When I used your bitters I felt a change every day. These are facts. All inference must be made by each individual for himself.

Yours respectfully,
W. B. LEE,
Pastor of Green avenue Presbyterian Church.

READ E. D. E. N. SOUTHWORTH'S LETTER
PROSPECT COTTAGE,
GEORGETOWN, D. C., April 2, 1863.

MESSRS. HOSTETTER & SMITH—*Gentlemen*: It gives me pleasure to add my testimonial to those of others in favor of your excellent preparation. Several years of residence on the banks of a Southern river, and of close application to literary work, had so thoroughly exhausted my nervous system and undermined my health, that I had become a martyr to dyspepsia, and nervous headaches recurring at short intervals, and defying all known remedies in the Materia Medica, I had come to the conclusion that nothing but a total change of residence and pursuits would restore my health, when a friend recommended Hostetter's Bitters. I procured a bottle as an experiment. It required but one bottle to convince me that I had found at last the right combination of remedies. The relief afforded me has been complete. It is now some years since I first tried Hostetter's bitters, and it is but just to say that I have found the preparation all that it claims to be. It is a standard family cordial with us; and even as a stimulant we like it better than anything else; but we use it in all nervous, bilious and dyspeptic cases from fever down to toothache. If what I have now said will lead any dyspeptic or nervous invalid to a sure remedy, I shall have done some good.

I remain, gentlemen, respectfully yours,
E. D. E. N. SOUTHWORTH.

READ JOHN W. BRONOUGH'S LETTER.
NAVY DEPARTMENT,
Bureau of Yards and Docks, Dec. 30, 1862.

MESSRS. HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa.:

Gentlemen: About four years since, my attention was called to your celebrated Stomach Bitters, I being at the time a perfect martyr to dyspepsia in all of its terrific forms; indeed, I had not known for six years an uninterrupted night's sleep. I commenced the use of your Bitters, taking them according to your directions, except that the dose was reduced to one-half, and found myself much, very much benefitted by the first bottle; the second relieved me entirely; but I have never since taken a dose in the morning, immediately on rising, finding it act as a tonic and appetizer of the most agreeable character. There is a peculiarity in the effect of your Bitters on me, which it may be well to state. From any cause, I shall be suffering never so acutely with the headache, a dose of your Bitters relieves me in fifteen minutes. In conclusion, I say with all sincerity and truth, I would not be returned to the state of health in which your Bitters found me, and from which they have unquestionably relieved me, for all the money in the world.

I am, with great respect, your obd't servant,
JOHN W. BRONOUGH, Chief Clerk.

READ SAMUEL BYER'S LETTER.
NEW CONVALESCENT CAMP,
Near Alexander, Va., May 24, 1863.

MESSRS. HOSTETTER & SMITH—*Dear Sirs*: Will you do me the favor to forward, by express, one-half dozen Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, with bill, for which I will remit you on receipt of the same, as I am unable to procure your medicine here; and if I had a quantity, it could be sold readily, as it is known to be the best preparation in use for diseases having their origin with a diseased stomach. I have used and sold hundreds of preparations, but your Bitters are superior to anything of the kind I am cognizant with. Indeed, no soldier should be without it, should he be ever so robust and healthy; for it is not only a Restorative, but a Preventative, for almost all diseases a soldier is subject to. I have been afflicted with chronic indigestion, and no medicine has ever afforded me the relief yours has; and I trust you will lose no time in sending the Bitters ordered. Yours respectfully,
SAMUEL BYERS, Hospt.

RENSSELAERVILLE, July 7, 1864.

MESSRS. HOSTETTER & SMITH—*Gentlemen*:—Please send me some of your Bitters at your earliest convenience, as I have at present an extensive sale for them. I have no medicine of which I sell as much as your Bitters. I have kept them for two years last past. They have now begun to sell. They have performed some remarkable cures in Dyspepsia which have been of long standing, and from which they have acquired a reputation won by no other medicine in our market. I can send you certificates surpassing anything you ever published, if of any value to you, being anxious such a medicine should be introduced in every place. If persons were as well acquainted with it as I am, they would not be without it. Respectfully yours,
W. P. SWE